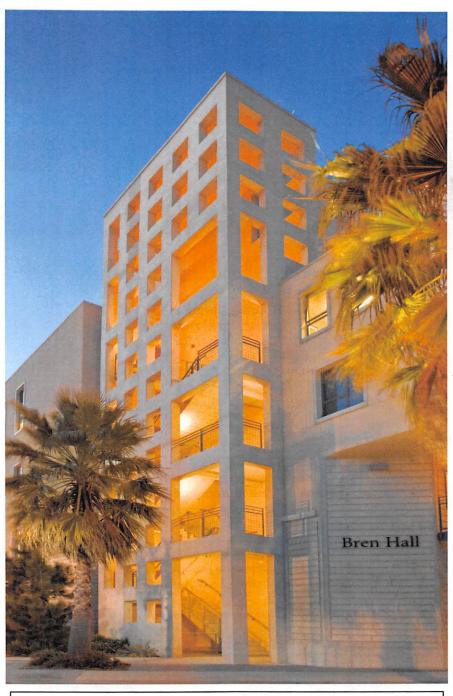
## Energy Simulation for Commercial Buildings – Trinidad and Tobago August 23-24, 2017



**UCSB Bren Hall LEED® Double Platinum** 

# Carrier Corporation Software Systems Network Carrier University









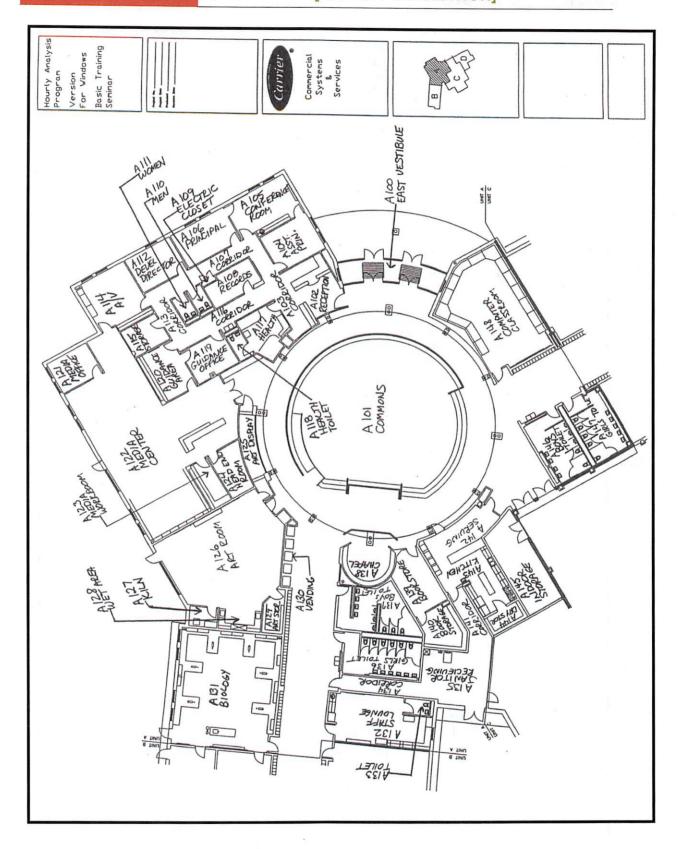
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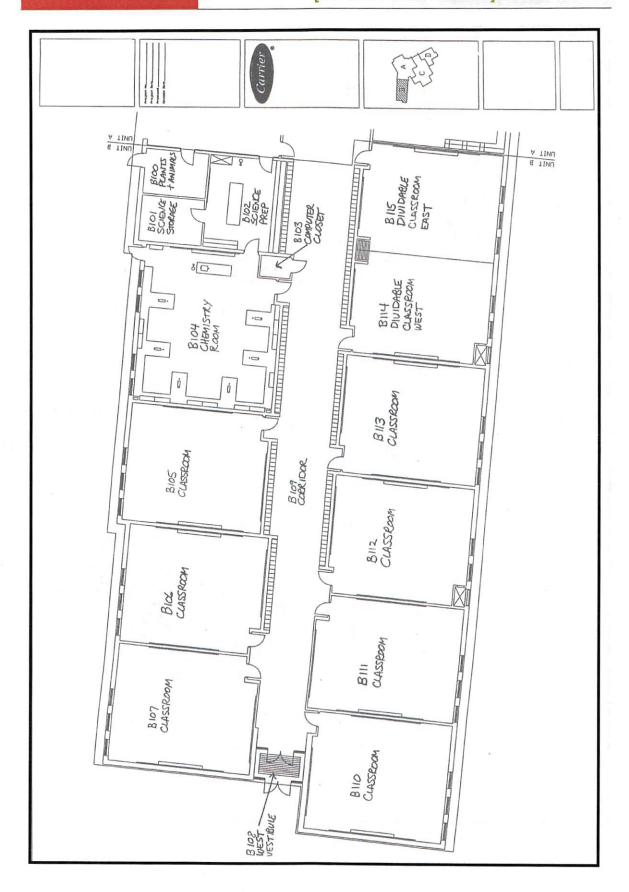
e-Mail: software.systems@carrier.utc.com
World Wide Web: www.commercial.carrier.com

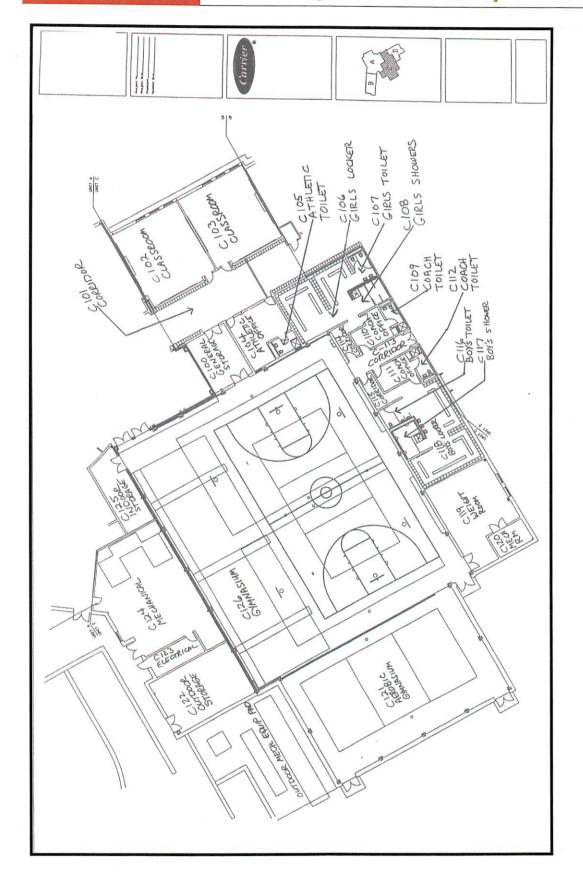
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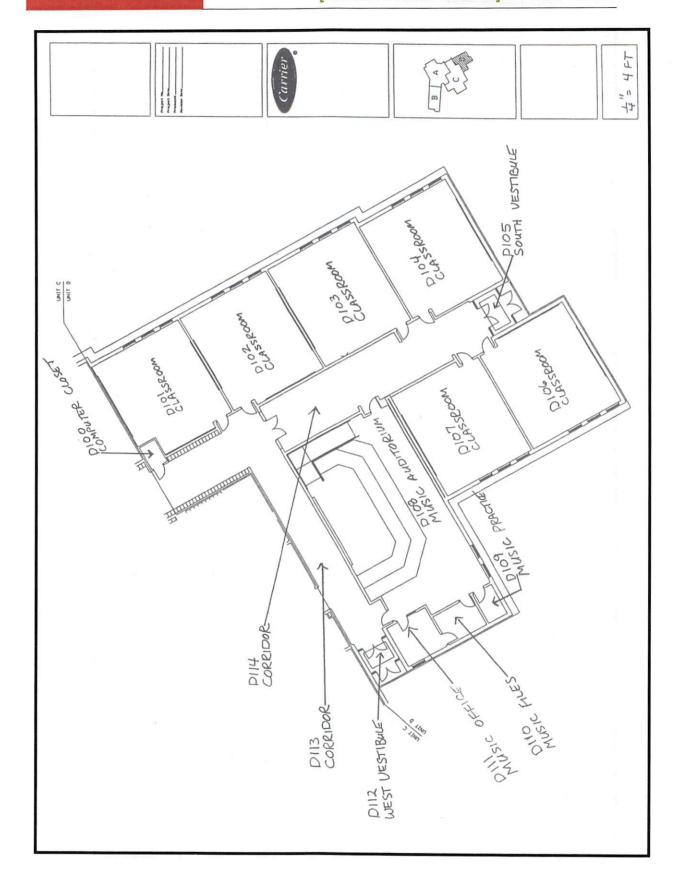
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### Workshops 1 & 2



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### Workshop 1 Inputs - Create New Project and Link Simulation Weather



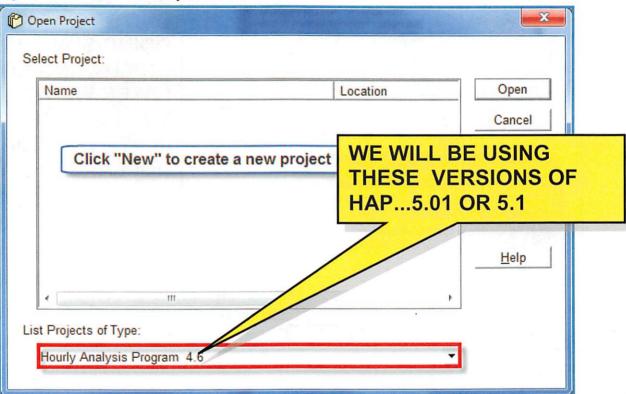


Our first workshop focuses on expanding an existing design load analysis to include a complete energy simulation. Our first step is retrieving an archived system design load project developed in the HAP for Load Estimating Basic Training Seminar. The retrieval of this project includes all spaces, air systems and library items so we can focus on the additional input requirements for completing an energy analysis. Take the following steps to begin this workshop.



First open windows explorer, navigate to the class flash drive, find the "Trinidad Energy" Folder, copy the entire folder "1.Unsolved Workshops" to your desktop. Then launch HAP and create a new project as shown in Figure 1.1 below.

Figure 1.1 - Create New Project in HAP





#### Setting Project Preferences

Once we create the New Project, HAP prompts us to choose the applicable ventilation standard for the project. This first step in our design process links our project to the appropriate database in determining the ventilation requirements for the spaces and air systems in our project. The choices include:

- User Defined
- ASHRAE 62-2001
- ASHRAE 62.1-2004

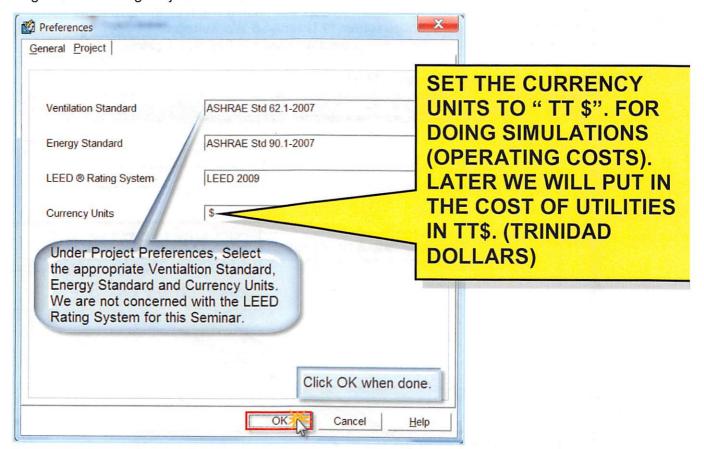
ASHRAE 62.1-2007

After assigning the appropriate ventilation standard, we assign the appropriate Energy Standard. The choices are:

- ASHRAE 90.1-2004
- ASHRAE 90.1-2007 OR 90.1-2010

Please refer to Fig 1.2 below for additional details.

Figure 1.2 - Setting Project Preferences



Select the ASHRAE 62.1-2007 Ventilation Standard, ASHRAE 90.1-2007 Energy Standard and the \$ Dollar Currency Symbol \$ for our workshop and class project.

Users can set HAP program preferences under the General Tab. Please refer to Figures 1.3 and 1.4 below for additional details of the General HAP program preferences.

Figure 1.3 - HAP Program Preferences

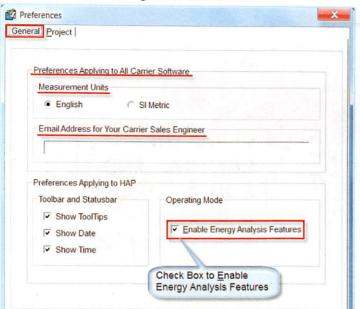
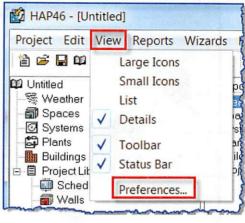


Figure 1.4 - View/Preferences



Note: Users can access the Program Preferences anytime by going to the View item on the menu bar and selecting Preferences as shown in Figure 1.4

Cancel









#### Enter Design and Simulation Weather Properties

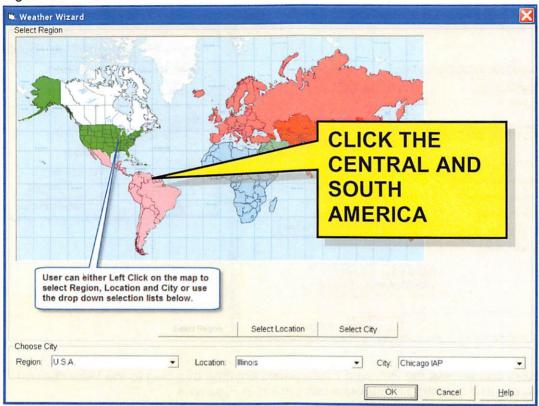
Next, we define the project design weather properties and link the 8760 hour TMY simulation weather file used in energy simulations using one of the following methods. We can assign the defaulted ASHRAE design weather properties by using the "Weather Wizard" or using the Weather Properties input forms. Let's first look at the Weather Wizard.

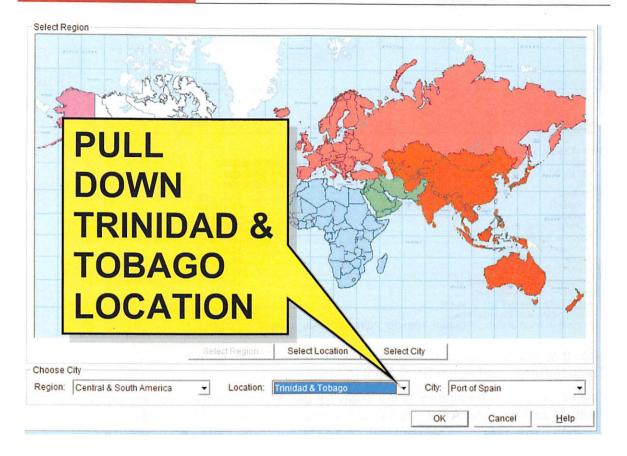
Go to the "Wizards" item on the menu bar and select "Weather Wizard." When selecting the weather wizard, HAP presents the following graphical interface where the user selects the region, location and city either from the drop down or by clicking on the map. Refer to Fig 1.5 and 1.6 below for details.

Figure 1.5 - Selecting Weather Wizard



Figure 1.6 - HAP Weather Wizard



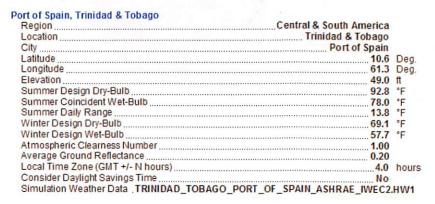


After accepting the wizard inputs HAP converts the Wizard Data to the HAP interface as shown in Figure 1.8.





#### Weather Inputs



Note that you can edit any of the input items in the Design Parameters, Design Temperatures and Design Solar input forms.

One of the enhancements to is the ability for users to import the following simulation weather data formats: ASHRAE IWEC (\*.IWEC), ASHRAE IWEC2 (\*.CSV), Energy Plus (\*.EPW), USA TMY2 (\*.TM2) or USA TMY3 (\*.CSV). See Figure 1.10 Below for additional details.

**DATABASE) AND IT EXISTS** 

ON THE INTERNET...

Figure 1.10 - Importing Simulation Weather Data

THAT EXERCISE SHOWED US HOW TO USE THE WEATHER WIZARD. FOR OUR WORKSHOP WE WILL NOW IMPORT A HAP ARCHIVE WITH THE TRINIDAD WEATHER DATA ALREADY CONFIGURED:

- 1. OPEN A "NEW" PROJECT. SAY "OK" TO PREFERENCES
- 2. GO TO 'PROJECT", "RETRIEVE HAP 5.0 DATA"
- 3. BROWSE TO THE DESKTOP AND YOUR FOLDER "2. CLASS FLASH DRIVE TRINIDAD 2017.
- 4. DOUBLE CLICK ON THE FOLDER CALLED "1. HAP ARCHIVES LOADS AND ENERGY"
- 5. HIGHLIGHT AND OPEN "UNSOLVED LOADS AND ENERGY"
- 6. HIGHLIGHT "TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017"
- 7. OPEN THEN RETRIEVE IT INTO HAP
- 8. CLICK "PROJECT" "SAVE AS" AND KEEP THE SAME TITLE

#### Defining the Holiday Schedule



In the simulation input form under the simulation tab, configure energy simulation data for the same city. Note that the first day of the year selection defaults to Sunday and determines where the weekends occur. Please change day of the week for January 1st to Friday.

Figure 1.11 – Adding Holidays

The next step is adding the following National Trinidad Holiday dates to the Holidays List by double left clicking the date on the calendar:

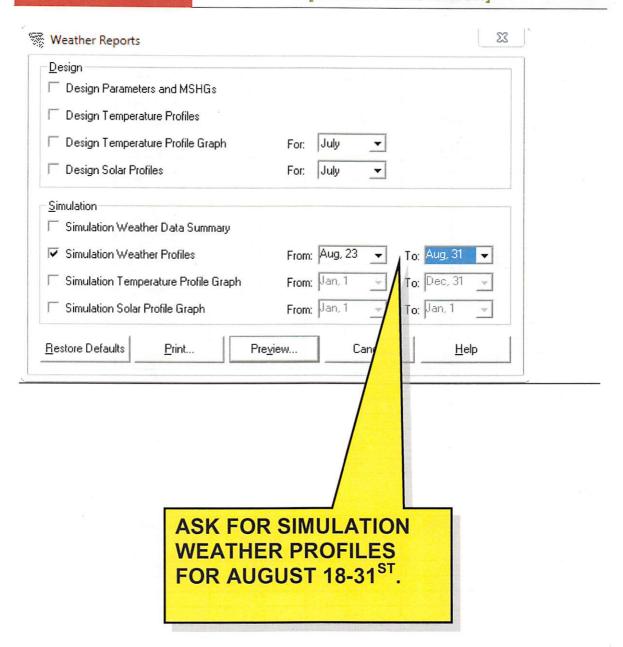
Jan 01 Apr 18,21 May 30 June 14,19 July 28 Aug 1,31 Sep 24 Oct 24

Dec 25,26

Note: Please remember to "save early and save often"

Design and simulation weather reports are displayed on the following pages. Use one of the following procedures to preview the weather input details.

1. Weather reports are available by highlighting "weather" in the left tree then <u>left</u> clicking on "Reports" and choosing "Print/View Input Data"



#### Monday, August 23

Hour	Dry-Bulb (°F)	Wet-Bulb (°F)	Beam Solar on Horiz. ( BTU/(hr-ft²) )	Total Solar on Horiz (BTU/(hr-ff <sup>2</sup> ))
0000	78.1	75.8	0.0	0.0
0100	77.5	75.4	0.0	0.0
0200	77.0	75.7	0.0	0.0
0300	76.8	75.4	0.0	0.0
0400	76.5	75.0	0.0	0.0
0500	77.0	74.4	0.0	0.0
0600	80.6	76.6	6.7	21.6
0700	83.7	78.0	33.6	78.9
0800	86.0	79.2	54.8	132.5
0900	89.6	77.6	94.1	191.4
1000	90.3	77.8	90.4	214.0
1100	89.6	77.7	97.0	232.0
1200	91.4	77.0	110.1	241.3
1300	91.0	76.7	124.4	238.5
1400	91.4	77.0	119.6	213.4
1500	89.6	76.5	85.1	161.5
1600	88.5	76.6	50.3	101.0
1700	86.0	76.8	14.1	36.6
1800	80.6	76.6	0.0	0.6
1900	80.2	76.4	0.0	0.0
2000	78.8	76.1	0.0	0.0
2100	78.8	76.1	0.0	0.0
2200	77.7	75.6	0.0	0.0
2300	77.0	75.7	0.0	0.0

#### Tuesday, August 24

Hour	Dry-Bulb (°F)	Wet-Bulb (°F)	Beam Solar on Horiz. ( BTU/(hr-ft²) )	Total Solar on Horiz (BTU/(hr-ff*))
0000	77.0	75.7	0.0	0.0
0100	76.6	75.2	0.0	0.0
0200	77.0	75.7	0.0	0.0
0300	77.0	74.4	0.0	0.0

#### Workshop 2 - Editing Schedules



This workshop focuses on editing the previously created schedules from our system design load calculations and were included in the retrieved archive. Please add the following profiles to the schedule as noted:



#### Lights Classroom Schedule

#### Add Profile #4 - Energy Weekday

Hours 00-06: 05%

07: 25%

08-11: 90%

12: 05%

13-15: 90%

16: 40%

17-23: 05%

#### Add Profile #5 – Energy Weekend

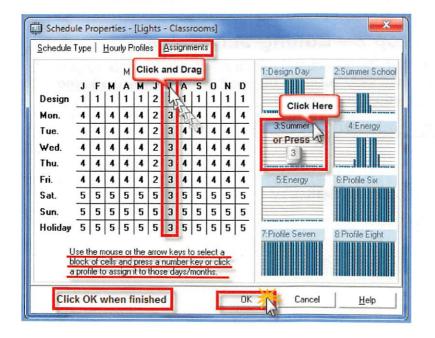
Hours

00-23: 05%

On the Assignments tab, assign Profile #4 to Monday thru Friday in all months except June and July. Assign existing Profile #2 from the design load phase to Monday thru Friday in the month of June only. Assign existing Profile #3 to Monday thru Holiday for the month of July only.

Assign **Profile #5** to day types **Saturday**, **Sunday**, **and Holiday** for all months **except July**. Refer to Figure 2.1 for additional details.

Figure 2.1 - Schedule - Profile Assignments-Lights Classrooms



### People Classroom Schedule THIS ONE IS DONE ALREADY IN THE ARCHIVE

#### Add Profile #4 - Energy Weekday

Hours 00-06: 00%
Hour 07: 10%
Hours 08-11: 90%
Hour 12: 10%
Hours 13-15: 90%
Hour 16: 25%
Hour 17: 10%
Hours 18-23: 00%

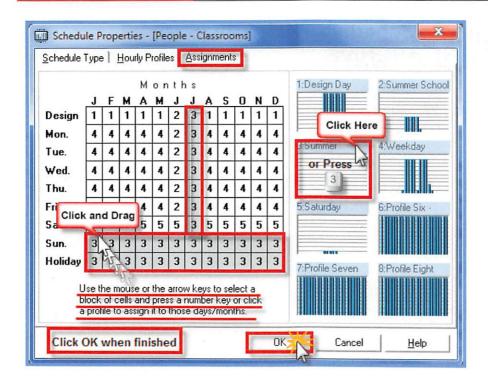
#### Add Profile #5 - Energy Saturday

Hours 00-07: 00% Hours 08-12: 10% Hours 13-23: 00%

On the Assignments tab, assign Profile #4 to day types Monday thru Friday in all months except June and July. Assign Profile #2 to day types Monday through Friday for June only and Profile #3 to Monday thru Holiday in July only plus Sunday and Holiday for all twelve (12) months.

Assign **Profile #5** to day type **Saturday** for all months **except July.** Refer to Figure 2.2 for details.

Figure 2.2 - Schedule-Profile Assignments-People-Classrooms



The remaining schedules were completed and included in the retrieved archive. They are shown below for reference only.

#### Schedule Profile Assignments Input Details

Lights - Classrooms (Fractional)

**Hourly Profiles:** 

#### 1:Design Day

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10 .	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	30	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

#### 2:Summer School

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	60	60	60	60	60	25	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

#### 3:Summer Shutdown

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

#### 4:Energy Weekdays

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	90	90	90	90	5	90	90	90	40	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

#### 5:Energy Weekends

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Design	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Monday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Tuesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Wednesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Thursday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Friday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Saturday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Sunday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Holiday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5

#### People - Classrooms (Fractional)

**Hourly Profiles:** 

1.	Des	ian	Day
٠.	000	9	Duy

 Design	Day																							
Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	40	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 2:Summer School

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	40	40	40	40	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 3:Summer Shutdown

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4:Weekday Energy

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	90	90	90	90	10	90	90	90	25	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

5:Energy Saturday

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Design	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Monday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Tuesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Wednesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Thursday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Friday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Saturday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Sunday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Holiday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

#### People - Corridors (Fractional)

#### **Hourly Profiles:**

1:Design Day

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	30	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

2:Summer School

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0			_		- 0	CL			-	0		014	/ N. I.					0	0	0	0	0	0
					HH	- S			וווור	_	6	SHI			HH	- PI	-							

3:Summer Shute
Hour 00
Value 0

4:Weekday Ener

ARE ALREADY COMPLETED IN YOUR ARCHIVE. I PRINTED THE INPUTS AS SHOWN ON THESE FOLLOWING PAGES.

18   1	9	20	21	22	23
0 (	)	0	0	0	0

0 0

0 0 0 0

Value 0 5:Energy Weeker

٠	Ellergy	vveer	enus	)																					
	Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ò	0	0	0	0	0

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Design	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Monday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Tuesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Wednesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Thursday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Friday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Saturday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Sunday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Holiday	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5

#### People IT Room (Fractional)

#### **Hourly Profiles:**

1:Design Day

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	100	0	0	0	100	0	0	100	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

2:Summer School

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

3:Summer Shutdov
Hour | 00 | 01 | 0
Value | 0 | 0

ALL THE SCHEDULES SHOWN HERE ARE ALREADY COMPLETED IN YOUR ARCHIVE. I PRINTED THE INPUTS AS SHOWN ON THESE FOLLOWING

19	20	21	22	23
0	0	0	0	0

Assignments:

	ЭП	OVV	N OI	A IL	ESE	FU	LLO	VVIIV	G		οv	Dec
Design	PA	GES	3								1	1
Monday											1	1
Tuesday	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Wednesday	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Thursday	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Friday	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Saturday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sunday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Holiday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

#### **Equipment IT (Fractional)**

#### **Hourly Profiles:**

1:design

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	80	80	50	50	50	80	70	60	50	80	50	25	25	25	25	25	25

2:Summer

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Design	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Monday	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Tuesday	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Wednesday	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Thursday	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Friday	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Saturday	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sunday	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Holiday	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

#### Occupied Schedule - Classroom (Fan / Thermostat)

#### **Hourly Profiles:**

1:Design Day

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	U	U	U	U	U

2:Summer School

Hour	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Value	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

3:Summer Shutdn Week

	Hour	00	01	ч	ALL THE SCHEDULES SHOWN HERE
	Value	U	U	U	ALL THE SCHEDULES SHOWN HERE
					ARE ALREADY COMPLETED IN YOUR
4.	Hour	00	01	Q	ARCHIVE. I PRINTED THE INPUTS AS

SHOWN ON THESE FOLLOWING

PAGES.

O = Occupied; U = U

0	U	L	U	U
19	20	21	22	23

U U

UU

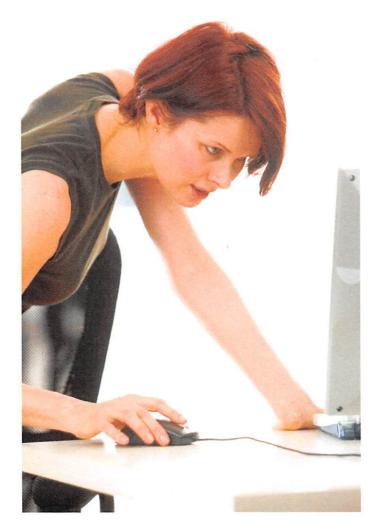
19 20 21 22 23

Value U

ssignments:												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Design	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Monday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Tuesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Wednesday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Thursday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Friday	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	4	4	4
Saturday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sunday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Holiday	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

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### **Workshop 3 Inputs**



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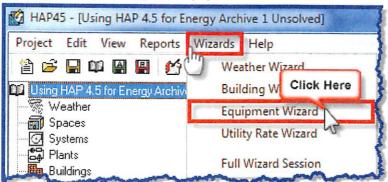




### Workshop 3 - Modeling 4-Pipe Fan Coil Unit Air Systems - Using the Equipment Wizard.

Launch the Equipment Wizard by selecting the Wizard item on the Menu bar and clicking the Equipment Wizard on the list. See Figure 3.1 for details.

Figure 3.1 - Launching the Equipment Wizard



Next add the following spaces top the system. Assign spaces D100 through D114 to the building and click OK. Refer to Figure 3.2 for additional details.

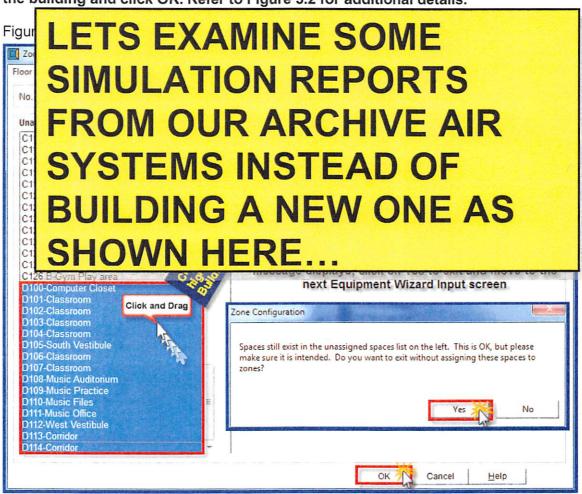
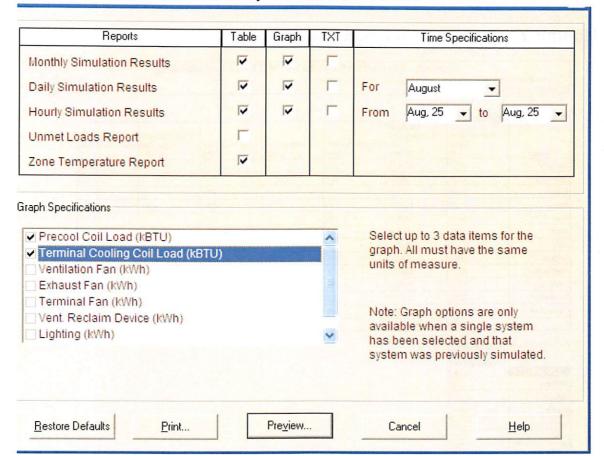


Figure 3.8 - Rerun and View all Air System Simulation Results



# LETS EXAMINE SIMULATION REPORTS REFLECTING OUR LOCATION

### System Simulation Reports Monthly, Daily and Hourly Simulation Results

#### **Monthly Air System Simulation Results**



#### Monthly Simulation Results for ALT1 - Whole Building

Project Name: TRINIDAD ENERGY UNSOLVED ARCHIVE 1 WK THRU

10/19/2013 07:23AM

Air System Simulation Results (Table 1)

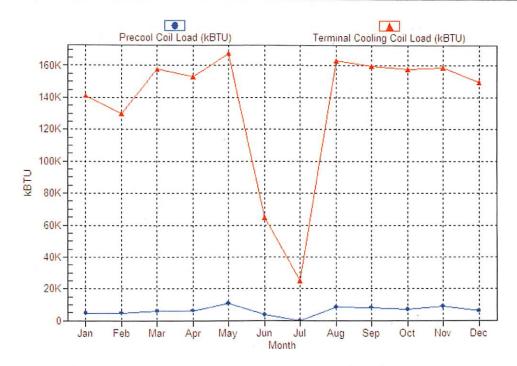
Month	Precool Coil Load (kBTU)	Terminal Cooling Coil Load (kBTU)	Ventilation Fan (kWh)	Exhaust Fan (kWh)	Terminal Fan (kWh)	Vent. Reclaim Device (kWh)	Lighting (kWh)
January	4866	141110	227	151	578	47	16641
February	4875	129863	227	151	547	46	15283
March	6036	157599	261	174	616	55	16997
April	6327	152996	238	159	589	50	16249
May	10873	167656	238	159	606	50	16818
June	3709	64740	159	106	338	34	5849
July	0	24926	0	0	64	0	611
August	8701	163062	238	159	603	50	16643
September	8297	159810	238	159	595	50	16249
October	7048	157940	238	159	607	50	16818
November	8963	158677	250	166	599	53	16426
December	6215	149672	261	174	604	55	16822
Total	75909	1628050	2574	1716	6346	541	171404

#### Air System Simulation Results (Table 2):

MII SYSLAII SIIII	ulation Results [
	Electric Equipment
Month	(kWh)
January	3227
February	2931
March	3252
April	3137
May	3235
June	1454
July	506
August	3235
September	3137
October	3235

#### Monthly Air System Simulation Graph

### Monthly Simulation Results for ALT1 - Whole Building Project Name TRINIDAD ENERGY UNSOLVED ARCHIVE 1 WK THRU Prepared by: carrier corporation 10/19/2013 107:39AM



#### **Daily Air System Simulation Results**

Daily Air System Simulation Results for August (Table 1):

#### Daily Simulation Results for ALT1 - Whole Building

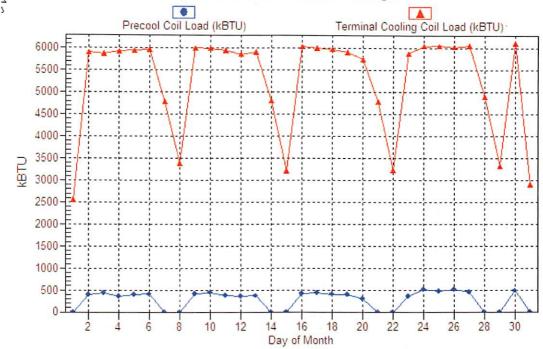
10/19/2013 07:23AM

Dally Air System Simulation Results for August (Table 1)

Day	Precool Coll Load (kBTU)	Terminal Cooling Coll Load (kBTU)	Ventilation Fan	Exhaust Fan (kVVh)	Terminal Fan	Vent. Reclaim Device (kV/h)	Lighting (KVV)
1	0	25.55	0	0	8	0	394
2	398	59 03	11	8	22	2	57
3	431	5868	11	8	- 23	2	57 1
4	359	5921	11	8	23	2	571
5	393	5942	11	8	23	2	57 1
6	804	5967	11	8	23	2	57 1
7	0	47.79	0	0	15	0	570
8	0	33 86		0	11	0	394
9	417	5998	11	8	23	2	57.1
10	443	5995	11	8	23	2	571
- 11	383	5950	11	8	23	2	57 1
12	360	5862	11	8	23	2	571
13	370	59 07	11	8	23	2	57 1
14	0	4800	0	0	15	0	570
15	0	3208	0	. 0	11	- 0	394
16	415	6037	11	8	23	2	57 1
17	434	6012	11	8	23	2	571
18	404	5974	11	8	23	2	571
19	3 95	59 09	11	8	23	2	571
20	299	57 46	11	8	23	2	571
21	0	4779	0	0	15	. 0	570
22	0	3227	0	0	11	. 0	394
23	359	5883	11	8	23	2	571
24	514	6053	11	8	23	2	57 1
25	473	6058	11	8	23	2	571
26	508	6032	11	8	23	2	57.1
27	455	6066	11	8	23	2	571
28	0	4901	0	0	16	0	570
25	0	3318	0	0	11	0	394
30	4 83	6120	11	8	23	2	571
31	0	29 05	0	0	9	0	394
Total	8701	163062	238	159	683	50	19943

#### Daily Air System Simulation Results





## **Hourly Air System Simulation Results**

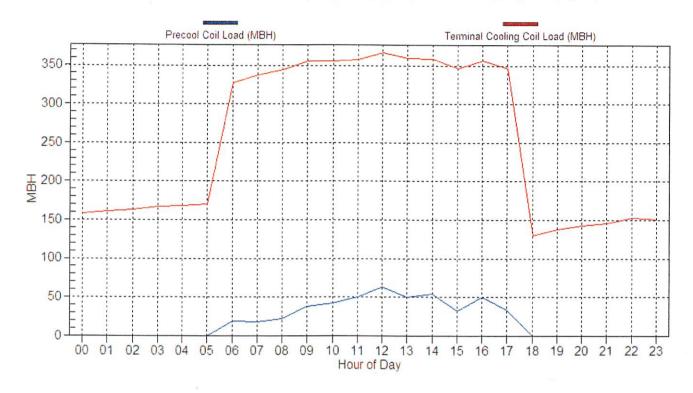
# Hourly Simulation Results for ALT1 - Whole Building Project Name: TRINIDAD ENERGY UNSOLVED ARCHIVE 1 WK THRU Prepared by: carrier corporation

Table 1.1 Hourly Air System Simulation Results for Wednesday, August 25

Hour	Precool Coll Load (MBH)	Terminal Cooling Coll	Ventilation Fan	Exhaust Fan (kV/)	Terminal Fan	Vent. Reclaim Device (kV/)	Lighting (kV/
0000	0.0	157.9	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0100	0.0	161.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0200	0.0	163.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0300	0.0	166.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0400	0.0	168.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0500	0.0	170.3	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
0600	18.7	327.0	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.7
0700	18.1	337.2	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.8
0300	21.6	344.3	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	24.0
0900	38.5	355.8	0.9	0.6	1,4	0.2	23.9
1000	42.0	355.4	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.9
1100	50.4	357.9	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.9
1200	63.7	366.1	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	24.0
1300	50.6	359.6	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.9
1400	54.2	358.4	0.9	0.6	1,4	0.2	23.9
1500	31.8	346.3	09	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.9
1600	50.1	356.3	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.8
1700	33.5	346.0	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.2	23.8
1800	0.0	129.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	23.7
1900	0.0	137.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	23.7
2000	0.0	142.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	23.7
2100	0.0	146.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	23.7
2200	0.0	153.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
2300	0.0	151.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	23.7
Total	473.2	6057.8	11.3	7.6	23.0	2.4	571.3

## Hourly Air System Simulation Results Graph

Hourly Simulation Results for Wednesday, August 25 (day 237) thru Wednesday, August 25 (day 237)



#### Zone Temperature Report

#### 1. Zone Temperature Statistics

Zone Temperature Report for ALT1 - Whole Building

Project Name TRINIDAD ENERGY UNSOLVED ARCHIVE 1 WK THRU

10/19/2013
Prepared by carrier corporation

07:56AM

	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Unocc	Unocc	Unocc	Unocc
Zone llame	Max Zone Temp (°F)	Hours More Than 5.0 °F Above Throt Range	nan 1.0 to 5.0 °F ove Above rot Throt.	Setpoint With plus Throt Range Dea	Hours Within Throt. Range or Dead- band	Within Setpoint minus Range or Dead-Range	Hours 1.0 to 5.0 °F Below Throt Range	More Than 5.0 °F Below Throt.	Min Zone Temp (°F)	Zone Temp	Cooling Setpoint plus Throt Range (°F)	Heating Setpoint minus Throt Range (°F)	Min Zone Temp (°F)
D100 - IT Room	74.1	0	0	73.5	2724	68.5	0	0	71.9	82.3	83.5	63.5	82.2
D101 - Classroom	76.5	0	2417	73.5	307	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.9	83.5	63.5	78.1
D102 - Classroom	76.5	0	2417	73.5	307	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.9	83.5	63.5	78.1
D103 - Classroom	76.5	0	2417	73.5	307	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.9	83.5	63.5	78.1
D104 - Classroom	75.8	0	1503	73.5	1221	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.8	83.5	63.5	79.5
D105 - South Vestibule	73.8	0	0	73.5	2724	68.5	0	0	72.4	82.4	83.5	63.5	77.3
D106 - Classroom	75.9	0	1158	73.5	1566	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.8	83.5	63.5	78.2
D107 - Classroom	76.2	0	2119	73.5	605	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.8	83.5	63.5	78.0
D108 - Music Room	77.6	0	2556	73.5	168	68.5	0	0	72.3	82.9	83.5	63.5	76.9
D109 - Music Practice	75.7	0	152	73.5	2572	68.5	0	0	72.4	82.8	83.5	63.5	77.6
D110 - Music Files	76.8	0	1385	73.5	1339	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.7	83.5	63.5	76.5
D111 - Music Office	74.8	0	. 1	73.5	2723	68.5	0	0	72.6	82.7	83.5	63.5	79.4
D112 - West Vestibule	73.7	0	0	73.5	2724	68.5	0	0	72.5	82.4	83.5	63.5	77.3
D113 - Corridor	78.6	13	2591	73.5	120	68.5	0	0	72.7	82.6	83.5	63.5	75.0
D114 - Corridor	78.8	46	2576	73.5	102	68.5	0	0	72.7	82.7	83.5	63.5	74.9

Note: For any occupied nours in which beating is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported.

Note: For any occupied hours in which heating is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported.

Note: For any occupied hours in which cooling is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported.

# **Workshop 4 Inputs**



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#### Workshop 4 Modeling Chillers, Towers, (Boilers), and Hydronic Plants



This workshop consists of entering primarily cooling plant information including detailed performance on chillers, towers, (we will also cover boilers) and the distribution piping and pumping.

There are several ways to enter the data into HAP. One option is using the Equipment Wizard found in HAP. Utilizing this wizard creates not only the Air Systems but also the hydronic plants that connect to the air systems. When we used the Equipment Wizard to create the 2Pipe FCU air system in workshop 3 the wizard automatically created the Chiller plant for the air system's source of cooling and heating. Refer to Figures 3.3b and c for additional details. The wizard created plants use the "auto-size" feature when creating the chillers.



We will now create specific chillers, and towers (and boilers) for our design alternatives.



The first step in this workshop is retrieving the second class archive which contains all air systems for our design alternatives.

In the previous workshop #3, we used the Equipment Wizard to Highlight and retrieve HAP v4.6 for **Energy Simulation Archive 2 Unsolved** into the existing project and then save the project.

In this workshop we create several chillers, and a cooling tower. We will not create boiler plants as would be done in most areas of the USA, we will just use electric heat in our air systems for Trinidad.

HAP considers all the air systems assigned to the plant in determining the peak coincident, or "block" cooling load, taking into account diversity on several levels. Diversity is defined as the block load divided by the sum of the individual peak loads.

HAP considers diversity between the zones within an air system and between systems when a plant serves multiple air systems. The plant design load calculation analyses the total plant load (sum of air system loads) for each hour and finds the largest load. This analysis includes the zone and air system diversity. When using air system multipliers for identical air systems, the resulting plant sizing includes those requirements in determining the peak plant load.

HAP calculates the total building, project or campus block (cooling) load accounting for diversity in sizing the plant and plant equipment.

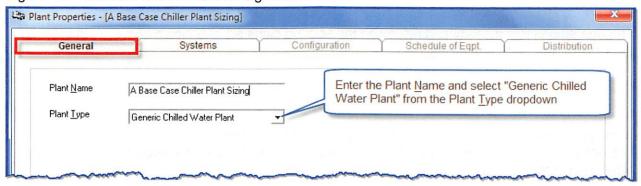
We begin the process by determining the chiller plant sizing for the A Base Case and also the C Alt #2 design Case. In the HAP main window, click on the Plant item in the tree and select "create new plant" in the detail pane. Refer to Figure 4.2 for details.

Figure 4.2 - Create New Chiller Plant



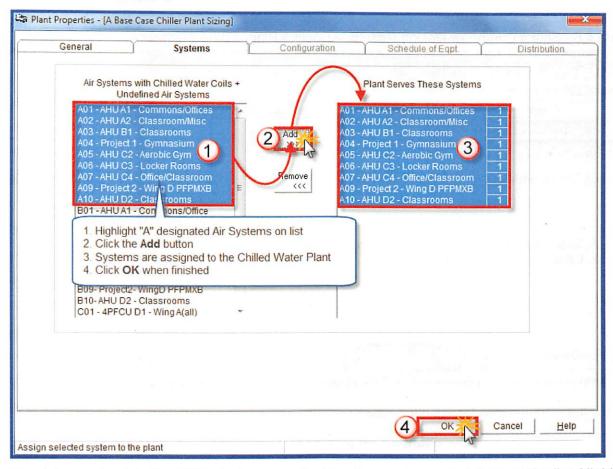
This opens the Plant Input form for data entry. Please refer to Figure 4.3 for A Base Case Chilled Water Plant sizing procedure.

Figure 4.3 - Generic Chiller Plant Sizing Details



Next click on the "Systems" tab and add the A Base Case air systems to the chilled water plant and left click on the OK button. Refer to Figure 4.4 for details.

Figure 4.4 - Add "A Base Case" Air Systems to the Generic Chilled Water Plant



This takes us back to the HAP plant screen showing the newly created plant on the list. Highlight the plant and use the right mouse click then select "print/view design results" from the selection list. Refer to Figures 4.5 and 4.6 for additional details.

Figure 4.5 - Calculate Chiller Plant Design Load

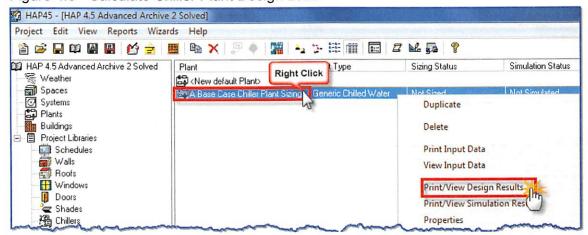
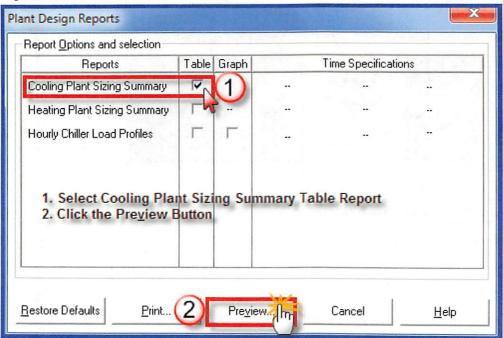


Figure 4.6 - Select Print/View Design Results - Cooling Plant Sizing Summary



Review the follow details for the plant sizing.

07/24/2017 08:58PM

1. Fidite information.	
Plant Name	A SIZING
	Generic Chilled Water

#### 2. Cooling Plant Sizing Data:

1 Plant Information

Maximum Plant Load 267,6	Tons
Load occurs at Sep 1500	
ft²/Ton 222.6	ft3/Ton
Floor area served by plant 59553.0	ft <sup>2</sup>

#### 3. Coincident Cooling Loads for Sep 1500

Air System Name	Mult.	System Cooling Coil Load [Tons]
A01 - AHU A1 - Commons/Offices	1	45.6
A02 - AHU A2 - Classroom/Misc.	1	40.3
A03 - AHU B1 - Classrooms	1	44.5
A04 - Project 1 Gymnasium	1	42.6
A05 - AHU C2 - Aerobics Gym	1	15.1
A06 - AHU C3 - Locker Rooms	1	30.2
A07 - AHU C4 - Office/Classroom	1	11.9
A09 - Project 2 - Wing D PFPMXB	1	18.4
A10 - AHU D2 - Classrooms	1	19.1

Air system loads are for coils whose cooling source is "Chilled Water" or "Any".

System loads are for coils whose cooling source is 'Chilled Water' or 'Any'.

Figure 4.7 details the chiller plant sizing summary for the A Base Design Case air systems.

The resulting peak plant load for the "A Base Case" is 268 tons. This peak load includes diversity as discussed above. For our "A Base Case" design we decide to use two (2) equally sized air-cooled chillers in our chiller plantWith the maximum plant load determined, we can select specific chillers for the chiller plant. This is accomplished in one of several ways. For our exercise we selected the chillers in the e-Cat Chiller Builder program. After finalizing the selection, we exported the chiller data for use in our project. This allows us to import the actual chiller performance for a detailed energy analysis of the chiller plant. Copies of the chiller data files are on the accompanying flash drive.



#### Air Cooled Chiller Selection

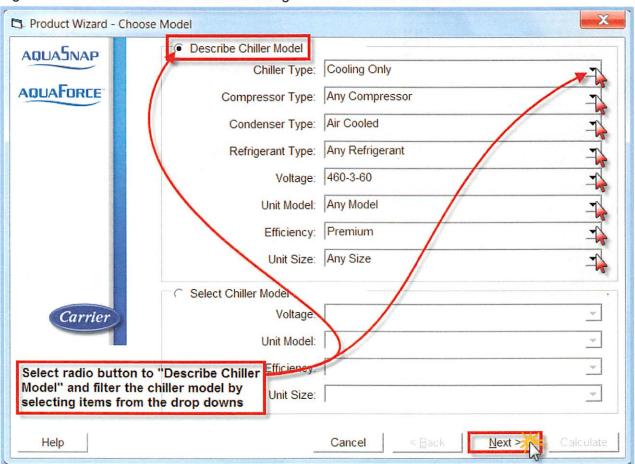
Design based on the following parameters.

Quantity: 2 Air-Cooled Packaged Rotary Screw Chillers

Capacity: 140 Tons each at 95° F plus a safety factor of 15%

LCHWT: 44° F ECHWT: 56° F

Figure 4.8 - Details of Chiller Selection using e-Cat Selection Software.



Run the calculations and generate the Chiller Performance Report.

See following page for details.

## AquaForce™ Air-Cooled Screw Chiller



Unit Information	
Tag Name:B Alt 1 A/C Chillers	
Model Number:30XA140	
Quantity:1	
Manufacturing Source:_Charlotte, NC USA	
Refrigerant:R134A	
Independent Refrigerant Circuits:2	
Shipping Weight:10497	lb
Operating Weight:10629	Ib
Unit Length: 236	
Unit Width:89	in
Unit Height:90	in
Evaporator Information	
Fluid Type:Fresh Water	
Fouling Factor:0.00010	(hr-sqft-F)/BT
Number of Passes:2	
Leaving Temperature:44.0	°F
Entering Temperature: 54.0	
Fluid Flow:318.7	
Pressure Drop:13.3	ft
Condenser Information	
Altitude:564	ft
Number of Fans:10	
Total Condenser Fan Air Flow:93000	CFM
Entering Air Temperature:95.0	*F

Model Number:	30XA140	
Quantity:	1	
Manufacturing Source:_Charlot	te, NC USA	
Refrigerant:	R134A	
Independent Refrigerant Circuits	2	
Shipping Weight:	10497	lb
Operating Weight:	10629	lb
Unit Length:		
Unit Width:		
Unit Height:	90	in
Evaporator Information		
Fluid Type:F	resh Water	
Fouling Factor:	0.00010	(hr-sqft-F)/BTU
Number of Passes:	2	
Leaving Temperature:		
Entering Temperature:		
Fluid Flow:	318.7	gpm
Pressure Drop:	13.3	ft
Condenser Information		
Altitude:	564	ft
Number of Fans:	10	
Total Condenser Fan Air Flow:	93000	CFM
Entering Air Temperature:	95.0	°F

#### Integrated Pump Information No Pump Selected

-	Part of the Part o		war and a second
Per	formance	Informa	tion

Cooling Capacity:	133.3	Tons
Total Compressor Power:		
Total Fan Motor Power:		
Total Unit Power (without pump):	146.6	kW
Efficiency (without pump):	10.91	EER
A-Weighted Sound Power Level:		

#### Accessories and Installed Options

Freeze Protection Micro Channel XL Starter Single Point No Coil Trim Panels Touch Pilot Display

#### **Electrical Information**

Unit Voltage:	460-3-60	V-Ph-Hz
Connection Type:	Single Point	
Minimum Voltage:		Volts
Maximum Voltage:		

Amps	Electrical Circuit 1	Electrical Circuit 2
MCA	267.3	
MOCP	400.0	
ICF	1030.4	

WE MADE A SELECTION IN THE CARRIER CHILLER BUILDER FOR A 140 TON CHILLER. IT IS IN THE "3. CHILLERS FOR IMPORT" FOLDER ON YOUR DESKTOP

#### Entering Chiller Performance Data

There are three (3) methods to enter chiller data into HAP.

- 1. Import Chiller
- 2. Chiller Template
- 3. User Defined Chiller Type

In this Workshop, we enter chiller data using method 1 and method 2. We will demonstrate method 3 but not use it in a workshop.



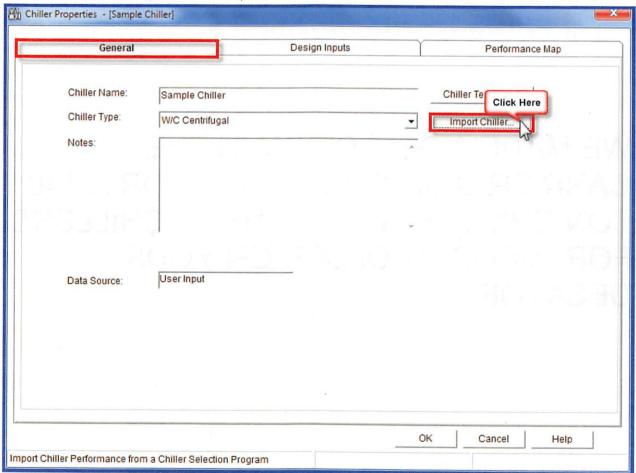


For our Air Cooled Packaged Screw Chiller we selected using the Packaged Chiller Builder program, we have included in your flashdrive a file that contains the detailed chiller performance for use by HAP. To import the actual performance matrix of our chiller for use in our plant model we use the "Import Chiller" method in the chiller properties input form. Refer to Figure 4.9a through Figure 4.9d for details.



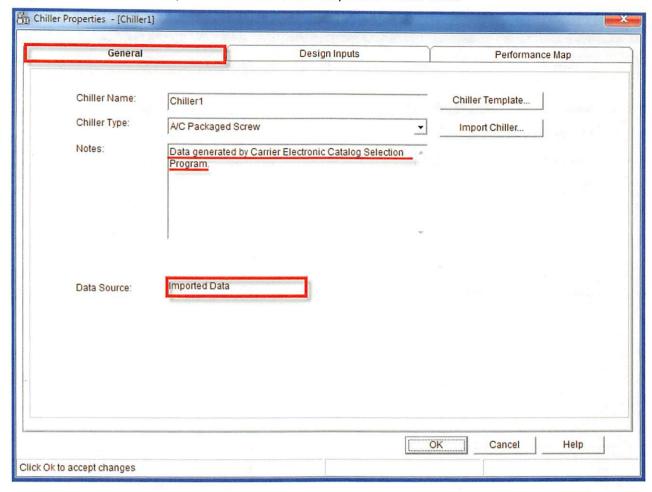
We placed the Chiller Export Archive file on the accompanying Flash Drive. To Import this chiller for this exercise open the chiller properties form and Double Click on the "New Default Chiller" in the chiller Library, then click on the Import Chiller button as detailed in Figure 4.9a.

Figure 4.9a - Chiller Input Form – Import Chiller Data



Navigate to your desktop go to the chiller tab and select the "30 XA 140" Click the OPEN button to import the chiller into HAP.

Figure 4.9b - Chiller Properties General Tab - Imported Chiller Data



Note: The Chiller properties are imported from the archived file and include all selection design inputs and calculated performances for IPLV and NPLV using the full operating matrix of the chiller.

We should rename the default Chiller1 name to something that makes more sense i.e. "A Base Case AC Chillers" or similar.

OK

Cancel

Max. Characters: 35

Help

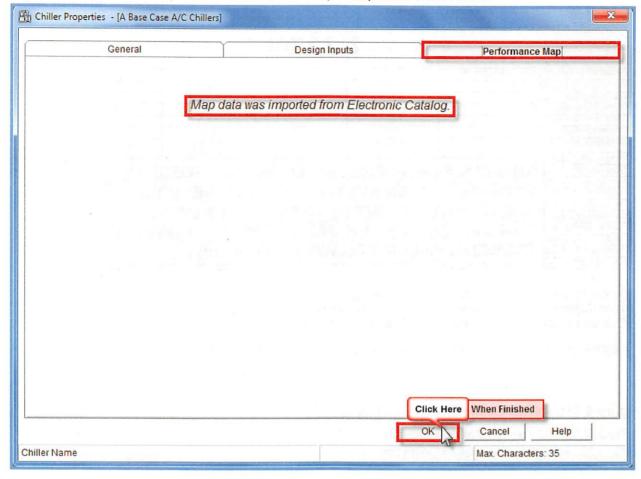
A Chiller Properties - [AA BASE AIR COOLED] Cooling Performance Design Inputs General AA BASE AIR COOLED Chiller Template.. Name: Equipment Function: Chiller (Chilled Water Only) • Import... Equipment Type: A/C Packaged Screw Notes: Data generated by Carrier Electronic Catalog Selection Program. Data Source: Imported Data

Figure 4.9c - Chiller Properties Design Inputs - Imported Chiller Data

Note: All data is part of the import file.

Name

Figure 4.9d - Chiller Properties Performance Map - Imported Chiller Data



Next, let's run the plant block load on the "C" air systems.

Use the following information for modeling the water-cooled screw chiller for the C Alt 2 design.

Now calculate the design load for the "C" Alt-2 chiller plant.

Note: The calculated load for C Alt 2 is 213.2 TONS.



Figure 4.10 - Non-Integrated Part Load Value C Alt 3 Water-cooled screw

Figure 4.10 – Non-Integrated Part Load Value Integrated Part Load Value (ARI)

Percent Full Load Cooling Capacity, %	100	75	50	25
Percent of Full Load Power, %	100.0	61.6	36.9	29.1
Unloading Sequence	Default	Default	Default	Default
Cooling Capacity, Tons	222.5	166.9	111.3	55.6
Total Unit Power, kW	147.7	91.0	54.4	43.0
Efficiency, EER	18.08	22.02	24.52	15.51
Efficiency, kW/Ton	0.664	0.545	0.489	0.774
Fluid Leaving Tem	SCREW CHILE "C" AIR SYS	TEMS. NOT		VE I

Double click "New Default Chiller" and we will enter th chiller for the "C" air systems into HAP using method #2, the "Template" method which uses a quarter point PLV approach. Enter the IPLV data from Figure 4.10 as detailed in Figures 4.11a through 4.11e.

Figure 4.11a - Define Chiller Part Load Performance Method #2 "Template" method.

Figure 4.11b - Chiller Template Design Inputs

Figure 4.11b - Chiller Template Design Inputs

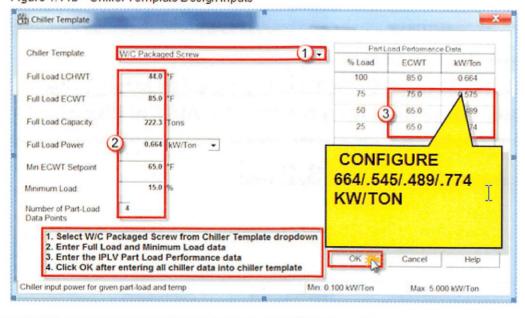


Figure 4.11c - Chiller Properties General Tab Template Data

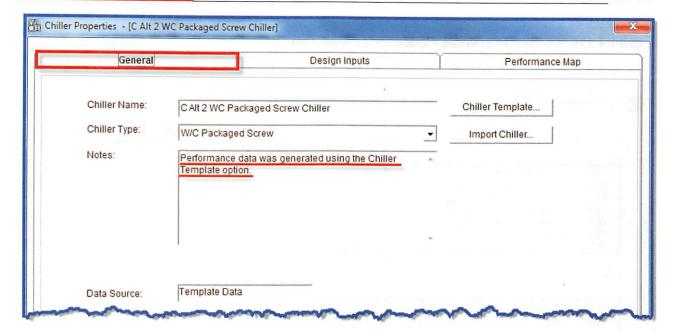


Figure 4.11d - Chiller Properties Design Inputs Tab

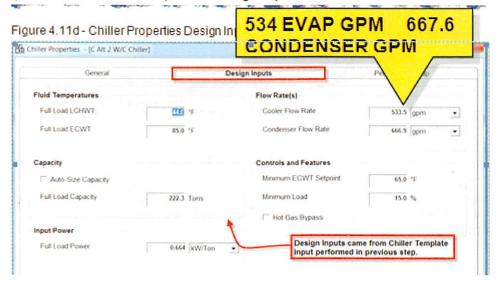
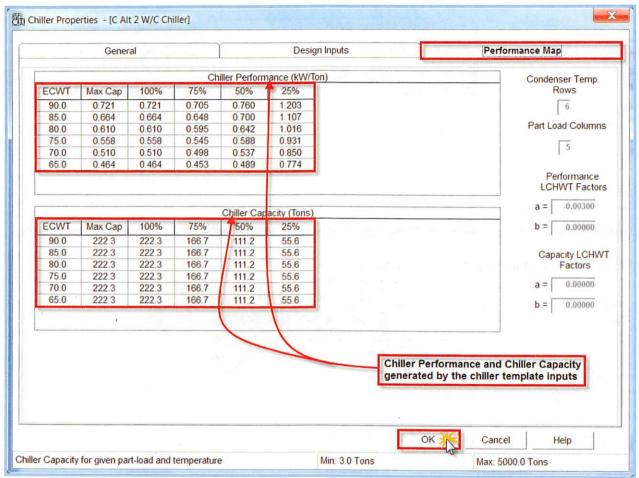


Figure 4.11e - Chiller Properties Performance Map Tab



bove inputs are IPLV rating points based on 44/56 LCHWT/ECHWT, with adjusted Cooler and Condenser Water flow rates.

#### **Cooling Plant Sizing Summary Comparison Class Discussion**

The maximum plant load for the water-cooled design case using air systems C1-C8 is  $\bf 213.2TONS$ . Note that some of these air systems are fan coil units with DOAS (common vent).

For the air-cooled design case using air systems A01-A10, the plant load was **267.6** tons. Some of these air systems are VAV. Both plants serve identical 59,553 ft² areas.

What contributes to the load difference between the plants? They have the same area, spaces, walls, roof, glass, and people.



We find the answer by comparing the Air System Design Load Summaries for the two plant types. (Not done as part of this workshop). The air-cooled chiller plant requires more ventilation air than the water-cooled chiller plant. But the primary reason for the tonnage difference is the FCU system using DOAS requires less total OA to comply with ASHRAE.

We selected the ASHRAE 62.1-2007 Ventilation sizing for all air systems in both plants. However, each VAV air system serves multiple zones requiring the use of the critical space equation for VAV systems in order to satisfy the critical zones requirements and comply with ASHRAE 62.1-2007. The difference in the design cases results in a sizeable ventilation air load reduction.



#### **Entering Cooling Tower Performance Data**

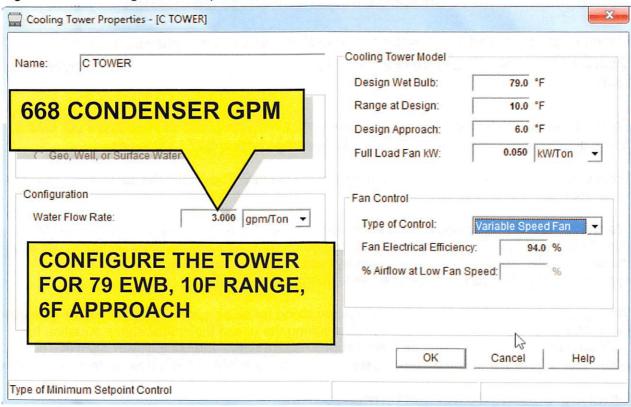
Next, we need to verify the cooling tower performance for our water-cooled chiller. Before we do, there are several important terms definitions related to cooling towers including:

- Entering Wet Bulb temperature is an important parameter in tower selection. For most areas in North America, an entering wet bulb temperature of 78°F is common. For our exercise we will use 79F wet bulb
- 2. **Approach** is the difference between the water leaving the tower and the entering wet bulb temperature of the air. A 6°F approach is what we will use for HVAC systems with a 79°F entering wet bulb and 85°F water leaving the tower. (85°F 79°F = 6°F)
- 3. **Range** is the difference in temperature of entering and leaving condenser water. An approximate 6°F range reflects approximately 3 gpm/ton flow rate in the condenser loop.

Check with your local cooling tower representative to confirm the design entering wet bulb and approach values for your area. The tower range must match the chiller condenser  $\Delta T$ .

- Create a new cooling tower by opening the Cooling Tower Properties form.
- 2. Enter the cooling tower data found under the Chiller Properties Design Input Tab in Figure 4.11 D.
- 3. See details in Figure 4.12.

Figure 4.12 - Cooling Tower Properties for C Alt 2 WC Screw Chiller





#### **Entering Boiler Performance Data**

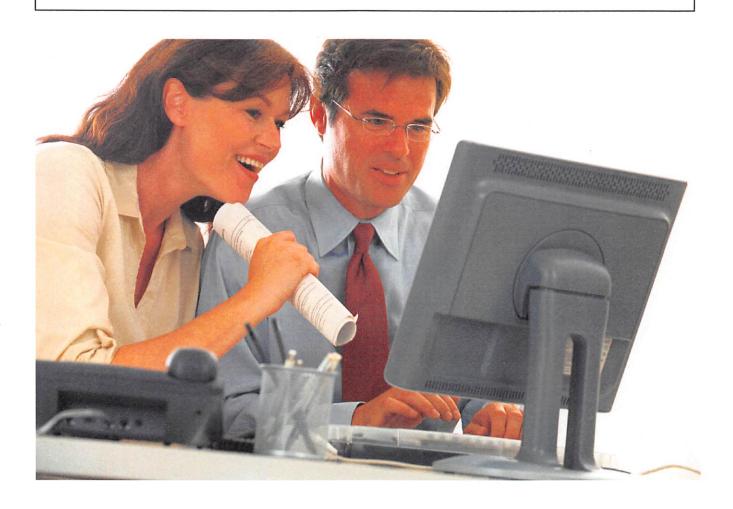
We are now ready to size our boiler plants an add boilers to our library. We start by sizing our A Base Case boiler load as detailed in the follow Figures 4.13a through 4.13c. Create a new Generic Hot Water Plant and link all "A" design



Figure 4.13a Generic Hot Water Plant



# **Workshop 5 Inputs**



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## Workshop 5 - Configuring "Final" Chiller and Boiler Plants



We created 2 chiller plants in our previous workshop, a chiller plant for our A Base Case and our C Alt 2 Design, as displayed in Figure 5.1.

Figure 5.1 - Chiller Plants Created in WS4.



A Plant is the equipment <u>and controls</u> that provide cooling or heating to coils in one or more air systems. Examples include chiller plants, hot water or steam boiler plants and remote source chilled water, hot water or steam plants. This workshop consists of finalizing the two chiller plants in Workshop 4.

The base design case chiller plant consists of two Carrier 30XA 140 A/C (air-cooled) packaged screw chillers. The air systems served by this plant include all "A" designated air systems with chilled water coils. The configuration of the chiller plant is two chillers in sequence. The pumping and piping distribution system is a primary only with variable speed pumping and sized for a 12°△T with 2% piping heat gain factor.

The "C Alt 2" chiller plant serves the "C" designated air systems. This plant consists of one 222.5 ton water-cooled screw chiller and a matching cooling tower. The pumping and piping distribution system is a primary only variable speed system sized for a 12°△T and

2% piping heat gain factor.

Figure 5.2a – A Base Case Chiller Plant Data

Plant Properties - [A Base Case Chiller Plant Sizing]

General:

Systems

1. Change Plant Name to A Base Case 2-30XA A/C Screws
2. From Plant Type dropdown, select "Chiller Plant"

Plant Name

1. A Base Case Chiller Plant Sizing

Plant Lype

Generic Chilled Water Plant

Generic Chilled Water Plant

To "CHILLER

PLANT".



Figure 5.2b – A Base Case Air Systems

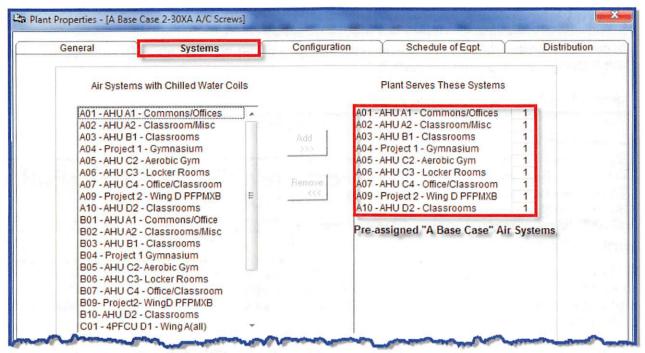


Figure 5.2c – Base Case Plant Configuration

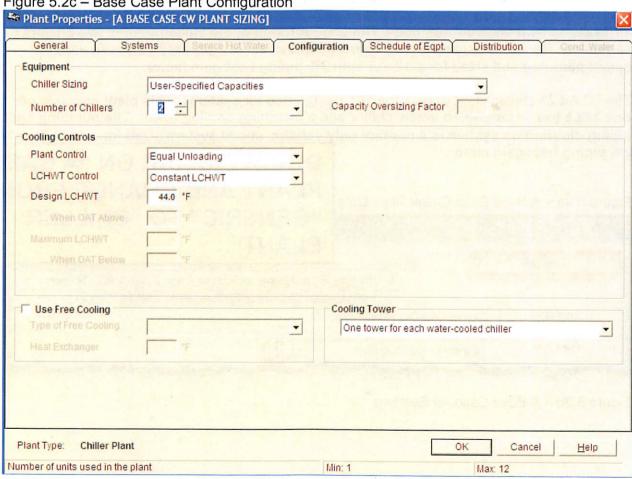


Figure 5.2d – Schedule of Equipment

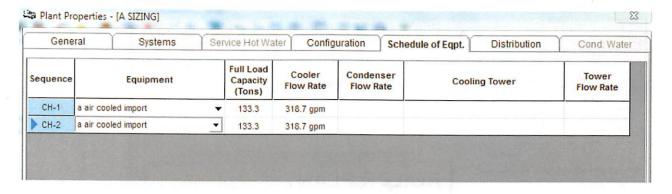


Figure 5.2e - Configure Plant Distribution

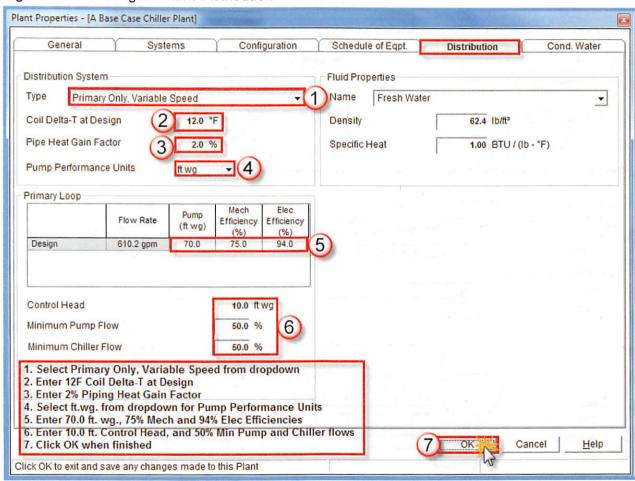


Figure 5.2f - Base Case Boiler Plant Input

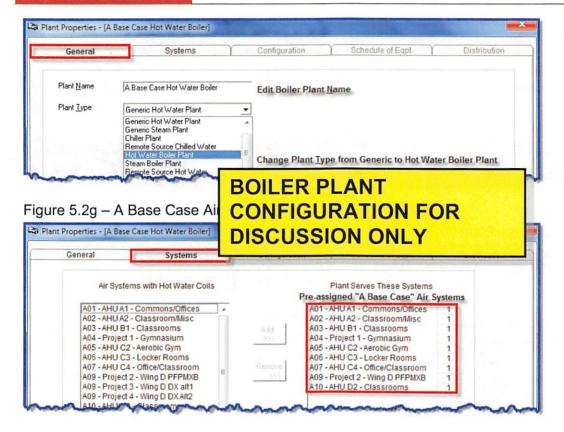


Figure 5.2h - Boiler Plant Configuration

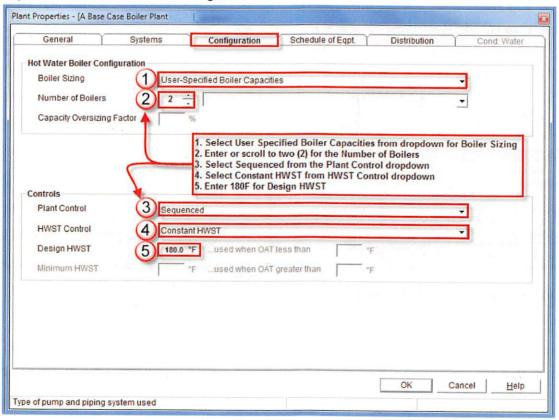


Figure 5.2i - Boiler Plant Schedule of Equipment

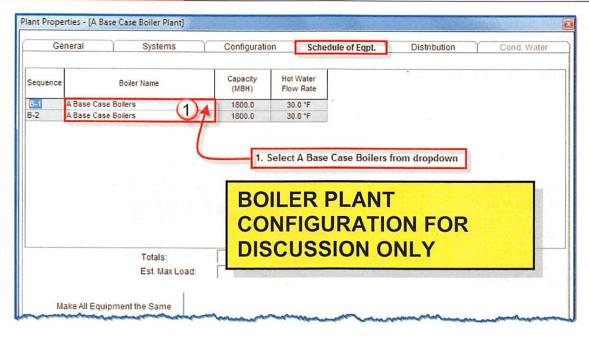
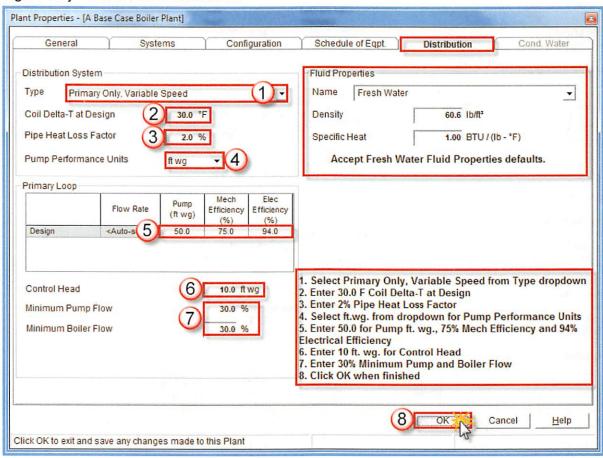


Figure 5.2j - Boiler Plant Distribution



This completes the base case plant inputs please refer to the chiller and boiler plant input reports for C Alt 2 to configure chiller and boiler plants. Use the same procedure for editing the plants

described in the base case above for the C Alt 2 plants. Refer to the following pages for the C Alt 2 plant details.

#### C Alt 2 Chiller Plant Input Data

#### 1. General Details:

Plant Name ...... C Alt 2-(1)30XW WC Screw Chiller Plant Type ...... Chiller Plant

#### 2. Air Systems served by Plant:

Air System Name	Mult.
C01 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing A(all)	1
C02 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing B (all)	1
C03 - AHU C1- Gymnasium	1
C04 - AHU C2- Aerobic Gym	1
C05 - AHU C3 - Locker Rooms	1
C06 - 4PFCU C4 - Office/Classrm	1
C08 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing D (all)	1



#### 3. Configuration

Chiller Sizing	User-Specified Chiller Capacities	
	One tower for each W/C chiller	
LCHWT Control	Constant LCHWT	
Design LCHWT		'F
Free Cooling	Not Used	

#### 4. Schedule of Equipment

Sequence	Chiller Name	Full Load Capacity (Tons)	Cooler Flow Rate	Condenser Flow Rate	Cooling Tower Name	Tower Flow Rate
CH-1	C Alt 2 WC Packaged Screw Chiller	222.5	534	668	C Alt 2 W/C Screw Cooling Tower	900
	Totals:	222.5	534 gpm	668	Totals:	900

#### 5. Distribution

#### **Distribution System**

Type	Primary Only, Variable Speed	
Coil Delta-T at Design	12.0	°F
Pipe Heat Gain Factor	2.0	%
Pump Performance		

#### Fluid Properties

Name	Fresh Water	
Density	62.4	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Specific Heat	1.00	BTU / (lb - °F)

#### **Primary Loop**

5	Flow	Head (ft wg)	Mechanical Efficiency (%)	Electrical Efficiency (%)
Design	534	75.0	80	94.0

Control Head	ft wg
Minimum Pump Flow	%
Minimum Chiller Flow	%

#### 6. Condenser Water

#### Condenser Water System

#### Condenser Water Loop

Pump for	Flow	Head (ft wg)	Mechanical Efficiency (%)	Electrical Efficiency (%)
CH-1	638	25	75.0	94.0

#### C Alt 2 Hot Water Boiler Plant Input Data

#### 1. General Details:

Plant Name C Alt 2 HW Boiler Plant
Plant Type Hot Water Boiler Plant

#### 2. Air Systems served by Plant:

Air System Name	Mult.
C01 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing A(all)	1
C02 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing B (all)	1
C03 - AHU C1- Gymnasium	1
C04 - AHU C2- Aerobic Gym	1
C05 - AHU C3 - Locker Rooms	1
C06 - 4PFCU C4 - Office/Classrm	1
C08 - 4PFCU D1 - Wing D (all)	1

#### 3. Configuration

#### 4. Schedule of Equipment

Sequence	Boiler Name
B-1	C Alt 2 Boiler 1
B-2	C Alt 2 Boiler 2
	Totals:

# WE WILL NOT INCLUDE A BOILER PLANT SO DISREGARD ALL BOILER INPUTS

#### 5. Distribution

#### **Distribution System**

	Primary Only, Variable Speed	
Coil Delta-T at Design	30.0°	F
Pipe Heat Loss Factor		
Pump Performance	ft wg	

#### Fluid Properties

Name Fresh Water
Density 60.6 lb/ft³

Specific Heat ...... 1.00 BTU / (lb - °F)

#### **Primary Loop**

	Flow	Head (ft. wg.)	Mechanical Efficiency (%)	Electrical Efficiency (%)	
Design	<auto-sized></auto-sized>	50.0	75.0	94.0	

Control Head	10.0	ft wg
Minimum Pump Flow	30.0	%
Minimum Boiler Flow		

#### D Alt3 SZCV/RTU (ROOFTOP UNIT)

Next let's look at how to configure a packaged roof top unit for energy simulation. Our "D" Alternative consists of 36 single zone, constant air volume packaged rooftop units with electric heating. Open the Air System Properties form for [D31 – RTU D5 – Classroom D104] and review the following details required for an energy.

Figure 5.3a - Packaged RTU-Configuration System Components - Supply Fan

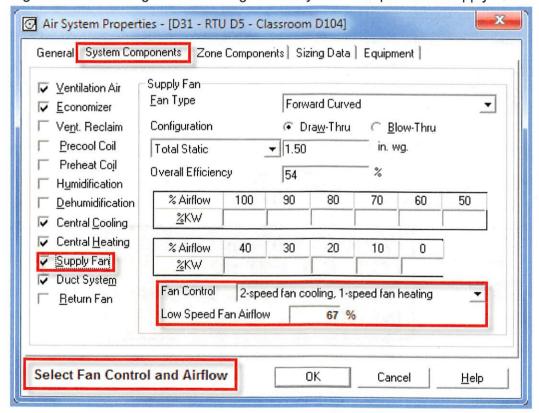
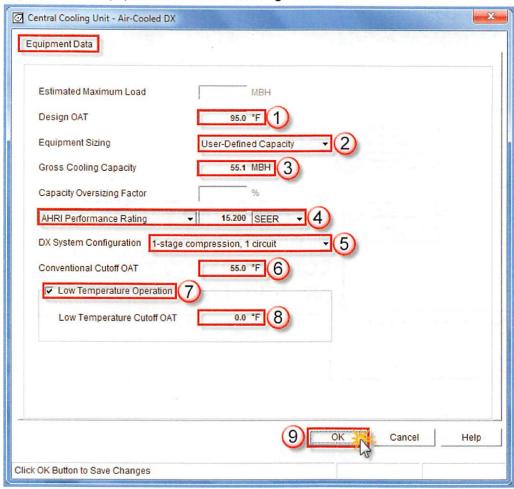


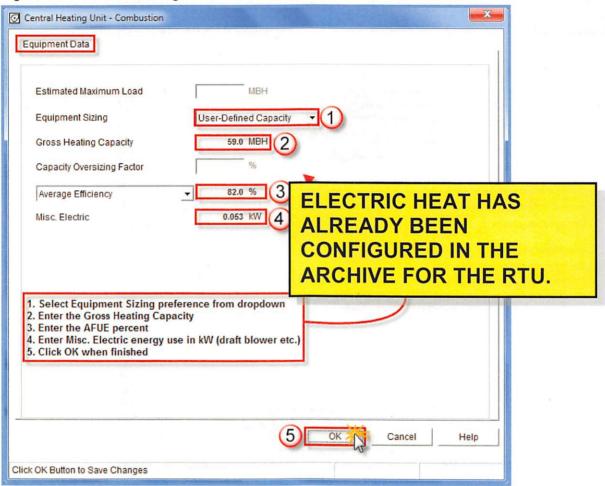
Figure 5.3b - Equipment - Central Cooling Unit



Configure the central cooling unit air cooled DX Equipment as follows:

- 1. The Design OAT populates to ARI Standard conditions.
- 2. Equipment capacity defaults to auto-sized, however, we recommend entering actual selected equipment manufacturer's performance data by selecting "User-Defined Capacity from Equipment Sizing dropdown.
- 3. Enter Gross Cooling Capacity from manufactures performance data
- 4. Select AHRI Performance Rating from dropdown and enter the SEER or EER efficiency
- 5. Select DX Configuration from dropdown
- Enter Conventional Cutoff OAT
- 7. Leave Low Temperature Operation checkbox checked
- 8. Enter the Low Ambient Temperature Cutoff Outdoor Temperature
- 9. Click OK to save

Figure 5.3c Central Heating Unit

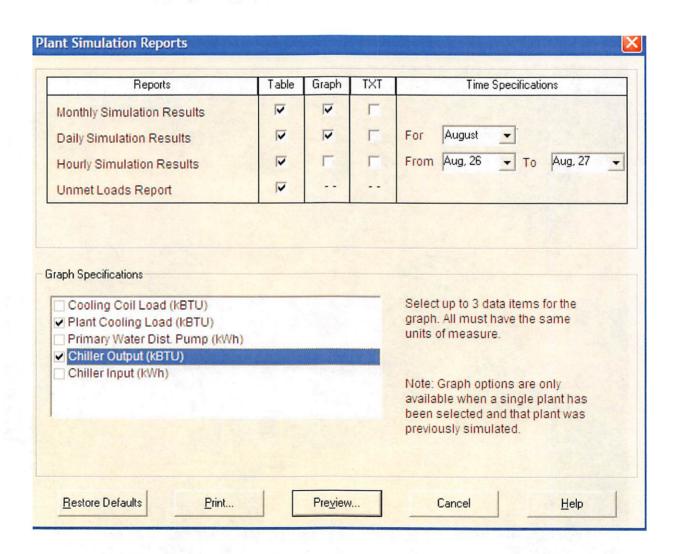


After entering the plant and equipment data, we can generate the Simulation Reports for the cooling plants and packaged RTU. Please refer to the following pages for the detailed simulation reports for "A" Base Case Chiller plant, AND Classroom D104 rooftop unit.

# **Workshop 5 Solutions**



# RUN THESE REPORTS FOR THE A BASE AIR COOLED CHILLER PLANT



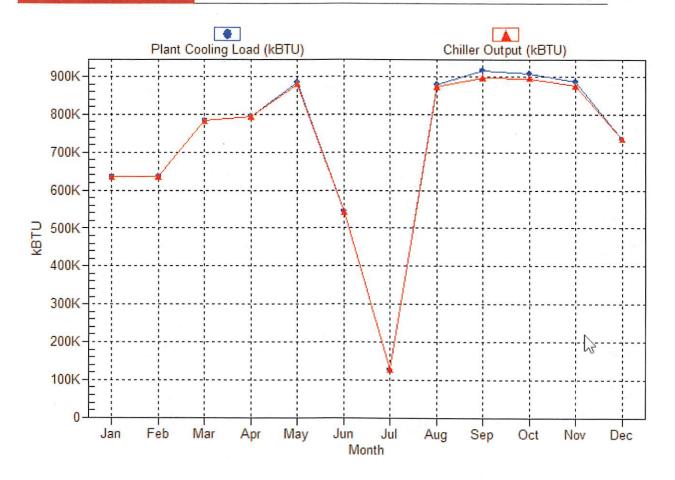
# **Workshop 5 Solutions**

# Monthly Simulation Results for A SIZING TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 wk thru

carrier

Plant Simulation Results (Table 1):

Month	Cooling Coil Load (kBTU)	Plant Cooling Load (kBTU)	Chiller Output (kBTU)	Chiller Input	Primary Water Dist Pump (kWh)
January	616710	635335	635335	49242	2492
February	618105	636255	636255	50354	2278
March	761172	783274	783274	63010	2650
April	773003	795584	794258	64747	2696
May	858546	883708	880080	71862	2965
June	526790	544176	542441	44039	2631
July	119591	127550	127550	11262	2307
August	854071	879382	874202	70962	3035
September	890346	916702	897665	73721	3110
October	882267	908352	895849	72316	3098
November	860852	886092	876320	69179	2956
December	713851	734695	734695	56492	2566
Total	8475301	8731105	8677925	697186	32784



#### Daily Plant Simulation Results for August (Table 1):

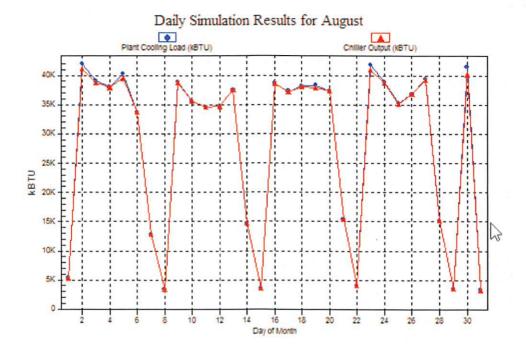
# Daily Simulation Results for A SIZING TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 wk thru carrier

07/25/2017 08:26PM

Day	Cooling Coll Load (kBTU)	Plant Cooling Load (kBTU)	Chiller Output	Chiller Input	Primary Vilate Dist. Pump (kVVh
1	5074	53.55	5355	465	74
2	40868	42047	41096	3298	125
3	37930	39 00 7	38777	3174	113
4	36946	37985	37985	3075	107
5	39203	40326	39526	3184	119
6	32900	33806	33806	2588	92
7	12382	12810	12810	1042	74
8	3087	3328	3328	310	74
9	37777	38851	38818	3145	112
10	34656	35618	35618	2671	98
11	33702	34633	34633	2770	95
12	33777	34715	34715	2805	96
13	36495	37523	37523	3 039	107
14	14235	14699	14699	1222	74
15	3382	3630	3630	346	74
16	37586	38648	38648	3143	110
17	36253	37276	37174	2944	107
18	37130	38180	38128	3165	110
19	37236	38300	37897	3045	113
20	36377	37407	37407	3082	108
21	14888	15365	15365	1279	74
22	3766	4021	4021	395	74
23	40715	41888	40938	3411	124
24	37834	38907	38795	3 203	112
25	34356	35326	35177	2788	103
26	35795	36798	36798	2971	103
27	38313	39399	39277	3 2 5 3	113
28	14716	15190	15190	1232	74
29	3309	35.55	3555	332	74
30	40313	41478	40202	3247	125
31	3069	3310	3310	338	74
Total	854071	879382	874202	70962	3035



# Daily Simulation Results for A SIZING TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 WK thru Carrier 0826PM



# Hourly Simulation Results for A SIZING TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 WK thru

07/25/2017 08:26PM

Table 1.1 Hourly Plant Simulation Results for Thursday, August 26

Hour	Cooling Coll Load (MBH)	Plant Cooling Load (MBH)	Chiller Output (MBH)	Chiller Input (kVV)	Primary VVate Dist. Pump (kVV
00 00	95.5	104.9	104.9	8.7	3.1
0100	93.6	103.0	103.0	8.6	3.1
0200	91.4	100.7	100.7	8.4	3.1
0300	91.6	100.9	100.9	8.4	3.1
0400	91.5	100.8	100.8	8.2	3.1
0500	91.6	100.9	100.9	8.4	3.1
06 00	1739.0	1781.3	1781.3	133.0	3.1
0700	2494.5	2558.0	2558.0	202.5	4.7
03 00	2907.2	2985.2	2985.2	233.9	6.5
09 00	2887.1	2964.4	2964.4	233.8	6.4
1000	2844.4	2920.1	292 0.1	232.1	6.2
1100	3039.1	3122.1	3122.1	262.0	7.2
1200	2659.8	2728.9	2728.9	237.9	5.3
13 00	2977.6	3058.3	3058.3	259.4	6.9
1400	2834.5	29 09.8	2909.8	242.9	6.1
1500	2683.8	2753.7	2753.7	223.5	5.4
1600	2502.7	2566.4	2566.4	206.5	4.7
1700	2140.7	2193.0	2193.0	169.9	3.6
1800	826.7	85.0.7	850.7	65.1	3.1
1900	835.1	859.3	859.3	66.2	3.1
2000	841.9	866.3	866.3	66.4	3.1
2100	824.4	848.4	848.4	64.9	3.1
2200	100.6	110.1	110.1	9.9	3.1
23 00	101.0	110.5	110.5	9.8	3.1
Total	35795.2	36797.9	36797.9	2970.6	103.3



Hourly Simulation Results for A SIZING TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 WK MITH CARRIED TO A SIZING CARRIER

Table 2.1 Hourly Plant Simulation Results for Friday, August 27

Hour	Cooling Coll Load (MBH)	Plant Cooling Load (MBH)	Chiller Output (MBH)	Chiller Input (kVV)	Primary VVater Dist. Pump (kVV
0000	100.5	110.0	110.0	9.7	3.1
0100	100.4	109.9	109.9	9.5	3.1
0200	1.02.0	111.5	111.5	9.9	3.1
0300	103.1	112.6	112.5	10.2	3.1
0400	105.3	114.9	114.9	10.5	3.1
0500	107.4	117.1	117.1	10.9	3.1
0600	2312.2	2369.8	236 9.8	181.8	4.1
0700	2471.4	2534.1	253 4.1	197.7	4.6
0300	2961.5	3041.6	3041.6	240.8	6.8
0900	3011.7	3093.7	3093.7	251.2	7.0
1000	3074.5	3158.9	3158.9	262.8	7.4
1100	3127.8	3214.3	3199.2	272.5	7.7
1200	2704.8	2775.5	2775.5	241.6	5.5
1300	3099.3	3184.7	3184.7	271.2	7.5
1400	3169.6	3257.8	3199.2	279.2	8.0
1500	3159.5	3247.3	3199.2	279.2	7.9
1600	2693.6	2763.9	2763.9	227.5	5.5
1700	2216.7	2271.4	227 1.4	183.1	3.8
1800	924.2	950.2	950.2	77.1	3.1
1900	875.8	900.8	900.8	71.9	3.1
2000	871.0	895.9	895.9	70.2	3.1
2100	828.0	852.1	852.1	65.2	3.1
2200	95.1	104.5	104.5	9.5	3.1
2300	97.2	106.6	105.6	9.5	3.1
Total	38312.6	39399.1	39277.4	3252.6	113.0



#### 1. Unmet Load Statistics - Central Cooling Unit - Air-Cooled DX

Note: Data shown in this report is for diagnostic purposes only. Values represent total unmet hours for each cooling and/or heating unit. No deductions are made when unmet hours for one unit coincide with those in another unit.

1. Unmet Load Statistics - Central Cooling Unit - Air-Cooled DX

Month	Equipment Capacity is Sufficient (hrs)	Capacity Insufficient by 0%-5% (hrs)	Capacity Insufficient by 5%-10% (hrs)	Capacity Insufficient by >10% (hrs)	Total Hours with Unmet Loads	Total Hours with Equipment Loads
January	296	0	0	0	0	296
February	316	0	0	0	0	316
March	376	0	0	0	0	376
April	417	4	0	0	4	421
May	440	4	1	0	5	445
June	422	0	0	0	0	422
July	541	0	0	0	0	541
August	401	16	2	0	18	419
September	361	18	23	4	45	406
October	384	19	7	0	26	410
November	328	3	1	3	7	335
December	328	0	0	0	0	328
Total	4610	64	34	7	105	4715



#### 1. Zone Temperature Statistics

#### Zone Temperature Report for D03 - RTU A3 - Principal/Conf

Project Name: TRINIDAD ENERGY ARCHIVE 2 UNSOLVED 2017 vk thru

Prepared by, carrier

07/25/2017 08:42PM

#### 1. Zone Temperature Statistics

	Осс	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Occ	Unocc	Unocc	Unocc	Unocc
		Hours	Hours	Cooling	Hours	Heating	Hours				Cooling	Heating	
		More Than		Setpoint	Within	Setpoint		More Than			Setpoint	Setpoint	-
	Max		5.0 °F	plus	Throt.	minus	5.0 °F	5.0 °F	Min	Max	plus	minus	Min
	Zone		Above	Throt		Throt	Below	Below	Zone	Zone	Throt	Throt	Zone
Zone Name	Temp (°F)		Throt. Range	Range (°F)	Dead- band	Range (°F)	Throt. Range	Throt. Range	Temp (°F)	Temp (°F)	Range (°F)	Range (°F)	Temp (°F)
A104-Asst. Prin.	74.4	0	0	74.0	2724	68.0	0	0	72.2	82.5	84.0	63.0	76.0

Note: For any occupied hours in which cooling is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported. Note: For any occupied hours in which heating is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported.

Note: For any occupied hours in which cooling is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported. Note: For any occupied hours in which heating is unavailable or scheduled off, zone temperature out of range statistics are not reported.

# **Workshop 6 Inputs**



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## Workshop 6 Defining and Simulating Buildings



#### **Defining Buildings in HAP**



The first step in this workshop is to retrieve Trinidad Energy Archive 3 Unsolved from the Unsolved Loads and Energy folder on your desktop. Before we start working with this archive, let us discuss how HAP uses the term "building".

A building in HAP is the "container" for all HVAC and non-HVAC systems for <u>one design scenario</u>. Performing an energy analysis calculates annual energy costs for the building's energy consuming systems. System design load analysis in HAP, requires us to create elements, spaces, zones, air systems, and plants like in the previous workshops, while a "building" is only required for performing an energy simulation.

Taken literally, a building represents one structure. However, in HAP the definition of a building is flexible. It can also represent a group of structures. For example, a "building" could represent a campus in which all the structures are served by central steam and chilled water plant equipment. Keep in mind, a design case can contain part of an actual building, a complete building, or many buildings.

When using the Equipment Wizard HAP not only creates the Air Systems and Plants but also a Building. The Wizard created Building includes the plants, air systems, spaces and all items linked to the spaces like schedules, construction items etc.

One exercise included in this workshop is defining the Energy Charges by creating a Fuel Rate and Electric Rate. There are several ways to create these energy rates including the Utility Rate Wizard, importing previously created rates, use the USA state EIA average rates or user defining the rates. For our workshop we create a complex electric rate that includes seasonal scheduling, time-of-day utility rate schedules and demand clause. Create the Natural Gas utility rate as a simple rate structure. Use the following values for creating the electric and fuel utility rates.

Electric Rate	WE WILL DO A PRACTICE
Rate Name	
Electric Rate Details	AND FUEL RATEUSING THE UTILITY RATE
Electric Rate Setup Rate Name	WIZARD SEE THE
Customer Charge Seasonal Pricing Time of Day Pricing	HANDOUT!
Energy Charge Type	Flat Prices
Demand Charge Type	Flat Prices
Emission Factors	

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#### **Electric Rate Schedules**

Seasonal Pricing

	Summer	Winter
Start	May	Oct
End	Sept	April

Time of Day Pricing

	Sum	mer	Winter		
	Peak Start	Off Peak Start	Peak Start	Off Peak Start	
Weekdays	9 AM	9 PM	9 AM	9 PM	
Saturday	None	All	None	All	
Sunday/Hol	None	All	None	All	

#### **Electric Energy and Demand Charges**

**Electric Energy Charge** 

Season	Period	Block Size (kWh)	Price (\$/kWh)
Summer	Peak	All	0.08000
Summer	Off-Peak	All	0.06500
Winter	Peak	All	0.07000
Winter	Off-Peak	All	0.05500

WE WILL CONFIGURE THIS EXAMPLE ELECTRIC RATE WITH THE UTILITY RATE WIZARD...SEE THE HANDOUT FOR THE INFO TO CONFIGURE!

#### **Electric Demand Charge**

Season	Period	Block Size (kW)	Price (\$/kW)
Summer	Peak	All	12.00000
Summer	Off-Peak	All	10.00000
Winter	Peak	All	9.00000
Winter	Off-Peak	All	6.00000

#### **Ratchet Clause**

Ratchet Clause	Jsed	
Peak Month Start	May	
Peak Month End	Sept	
Ratchet Applies Start	Oct	
Ratchet Applies End	May	
Multiplier		%
Minimum Demand		
Minimum Demand	25	kW

#### **Fuel Rates**

#### **Natural Gas**

Rate Name	Gas Rate	
Units of Measure	MCF	
Conversion Factor	1000.00000	kBTU/MCF
Fuel Price	12.28000	\$/MCF
CO2e Emissions	122.000	Ib/MCF

Refer to Figures 6.1a through 6.1c for details.

Figure 6.1a - Utility Rate Wizard Input Form Screen 1

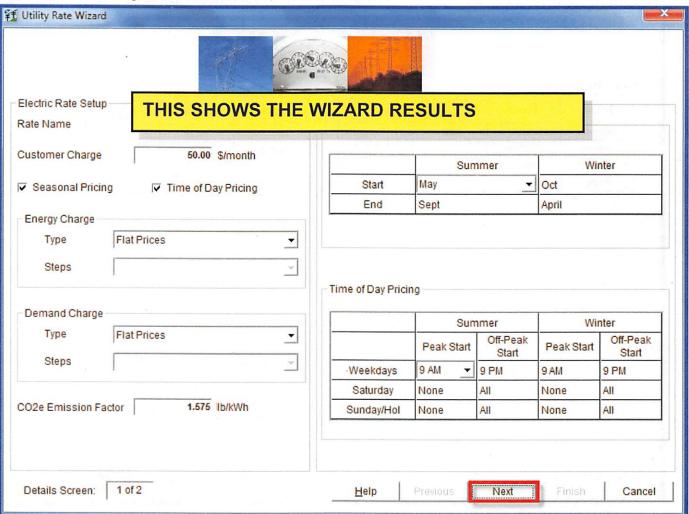


Figure 6.1b - Utility Rate Wizard Input Form Screen 2

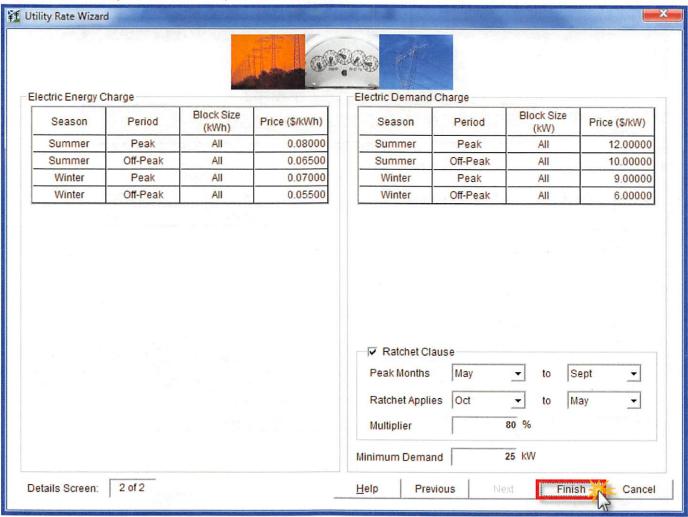
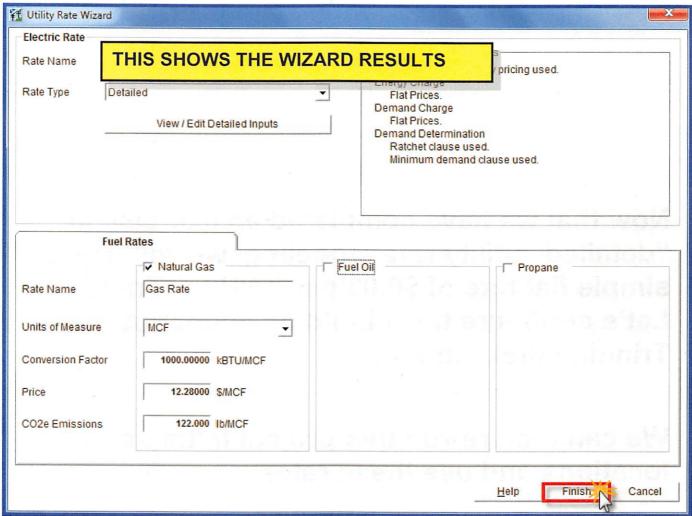


Figure 6.1c - Utility Rate Wizard Natural Gas Utility Rate



Now that we have completed an exercise in "detailed" utility rate modeling, we will use a simple flat rate of \$0.03 per kWH for Trinidad. Let's configure the 4 building scenarios for Trinidad first....then...

We can then re-run this project in these locations and use these rates:

## 1. Curacao:

Electricity Cost \$ 0.30 cent / kWh All Electric

## 2. Barbados:

Electricity Cost \$ 0.35 cent / kWh

**Fuel: Natural Gas** 

Our next exercise in this workshop consists of creating the "Buildings" for this project. As discussed in a previous paragraph, each "Building" represents a design alternative for comparison of energy consumption etc. Our project includes the following four (4) designs:

I. Building Name: A Base VAV-PFPMXB- 62.1-2007

Cooling Plant: (2) 30 XA Air- Cooled Chillers

Heating: Electric
Air Systems: A01-A10

Air System Types: VAV PFPMXB, SZCV

Ventilation Control: Constant

Ventilation Sizing: ASHRAE 62.1-2007

II. Building Name: B Alt1 VAV-PFPMXB- DCV

Cooling Plant: (2) 30 XA Air- Cooled Chillers

Heating Plant: Electric
Air Systems: B01-B10

Air System Types: VAV PFPMXB, SZCV

Ventilation Control: Demand Controlled Ventilation

Ventilation Sizing: ASHRAE 62.1-2007

III. Building Name: C Alt2-4PFCU- DOAS- 62.1-2007

Cooling Plant: (1) 23 XRV Water-Cooled Screw Chiller

Heating Plant: Electric
Air Systems: C1-C8

Air System Types: 4- Pipe Fan Coil Units, SZCV

Ventilation Control: Constant (dedicated ventilation for 4PFCU

Ventilation Sizing: ASHRAE 62.1-2007

IV. Building Name: D Alt3 SZCV/RTU- 62.1-2007

Cooling Plant: None (Integral to RTU- Air Cooled DX)
Heating Plant: None (Integral to RTU –Electric Resistance

Air System Types:

None (Integral to RTU –Electric Resistant
D01-D36
SZCV RTU

Ventilation Control: Constant

Ventilation Sizing: ASHRAE 62.1-2007

Notice the "B Alt-1" scenario is a duplicate of the "A" Base Case except the associated air systems use demand control ventilation to size ventilation loads. Using DCV is an energy saving strategy that reduces ventilation air requirements resulting from diverse building occupancy. The "C Alt-2" design scenario uses a water cooled screw chiller to supply chilled water to 2-pipe fan coil units and single zone air handlers. The fan coil systems utilize a common (dedicated) ventilation air system resulting in a lower peak total ventilation airflow compared to the A and B scenarios.

The "D-Alt 3" scenario uses multiple packaged single zone constant volume RTU units. The rooftop units are self-contained DX cooling with electric heating and are not connected to a chilled water or hot water plant.

In order to save time, the schedules and profiles applicable to the miscellaneous energy items are completed as part of archive # 3.

Figure 6.2 - Enter Building Data

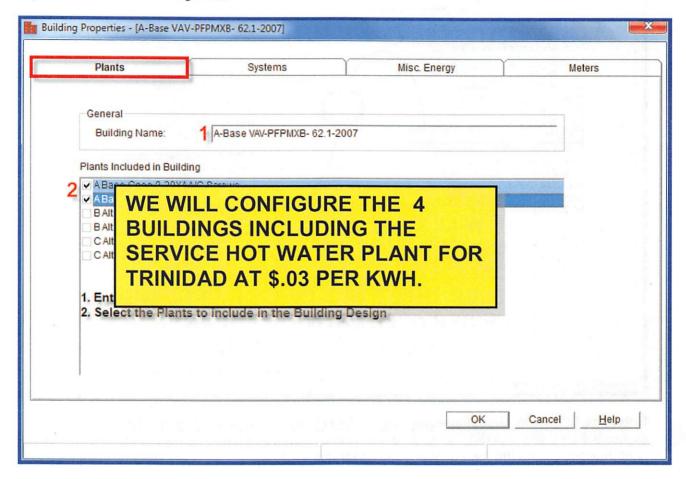
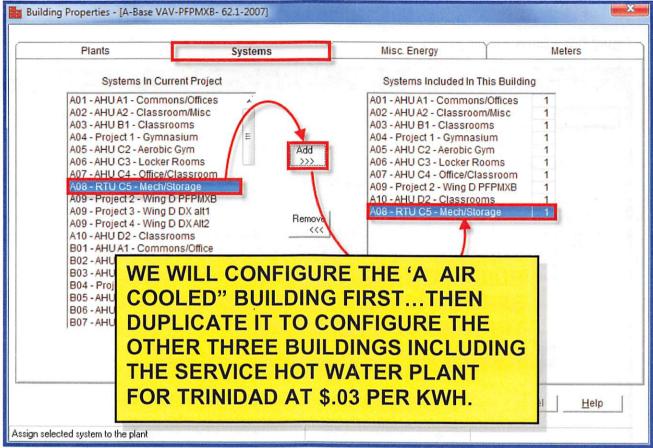


Figure 6.3 – Assign Air Systems to Building Design Building Properties - [A-Base VAV-PFPMXB- 62.1-2007]





Enter the following Miscellaneous Energy Users under the Misc. Energy Tab. Refer to Figure 6.4 for additional details. Note: the fractional schedules came as part of the archive, there is no need to create the fractional schedules for this exercise

Name	Energy Type	Peak Use	Schedule
Exterior Lighting	Electric	5.0kW	Parking Lot Lights
Aerobic Pool Heater	Electric	200 KW	Aerobic Pool Heater
Pool Circ. Pumps	Electric	2.5 kW	Aerobic Pool Heater

Figure 6.4 - Misc. Energy Tab Input Details

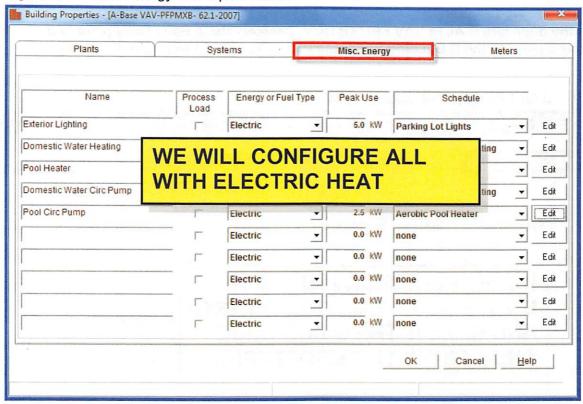
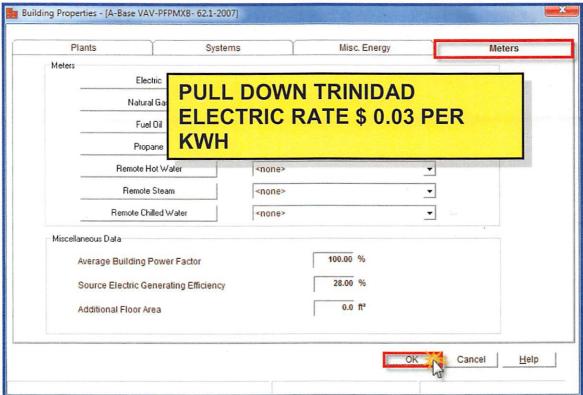


Figure 6.5 – Building Meters Tab



<u>Highlight the "A Base Case Building" after saving it and then right mouse click and choose Duplicate.</u>

Rename the duplicate B ALT1 VAV FPMXB DCV. Deselect the A Base Case plant and assign the B plant to the B Building under the Plants Tab. Refer to Figure 6.6 for details.

Figure 6.6 – B Alt 1 Building Properties - Plants

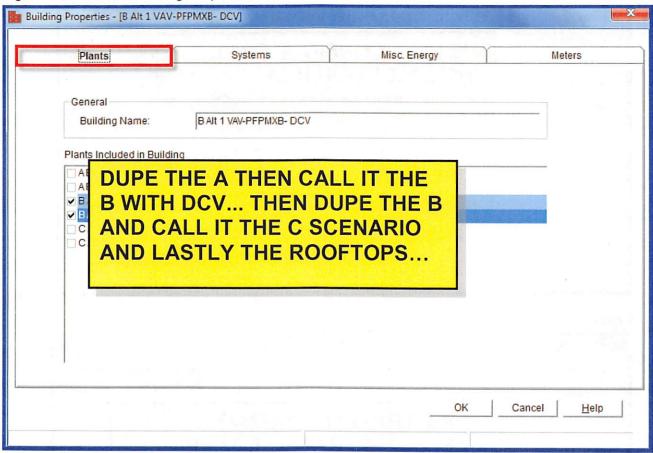
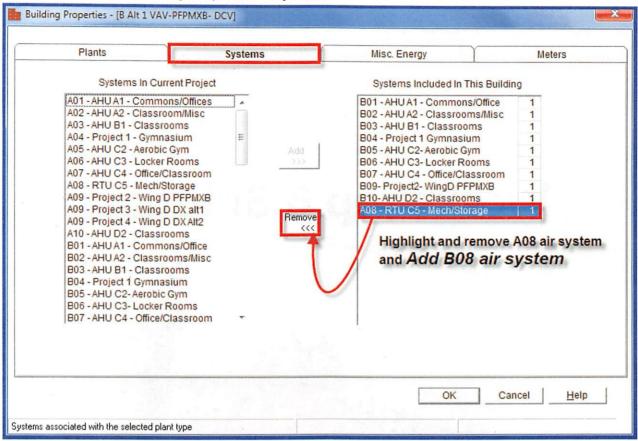


Figure 6.7 – B Alt 1 Building Properties – Systems



These are the only required changes for the B Alt 1 Building design. Repeat the process for the C Alt 2 design and D Alt 3 Design. After saving these additional buildings, highlight all four design case buildings and perform the energy simulation.

# **Workshop 6 Solutions**



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# **Simulation Results**

Table 1. Annual Costs

Component	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV (\$)	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
Air System Fans	7,228	7,228	4,717	6,898
Cooling	21,650	17,824	12,387	17,679
Heating	2,346	2,346	1,247	1,247
Pumps	985	901	1,479	2
Heat Rejection Fans	0	0	1,823	0
HVAC Sub-Total	32,209	28,299	21,653	25,825
Lights	7,311	7,311	7,311	7,311
Electric Equipment	3,568	3,568	3,569	3,569
Misc. Electric	10,070	10,070	10,070	10,070
Misc. Fuel Use	0	0	0	0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	20,949	20,949	20,949	20,950
Grand Total	53,159	49,248	42,603	46,775

Table 2. Annual Cost per Unit Floor Area

Component	A AC CHILLER'S (\$/ft²)	B AC CHILLERS DCV (\$/ff)	C WC CHILLER (\$/ft²)	D RTUS (\$/ft²)
Air System Fans	0.105	0.105	0.068	0.100
Cooling	0.314	0.258	0.179	0.256
Heating	0.034	0.034	0.018	0.018
Pumps	0.014	0.013	0.021	0.000
Heat Rejection Fans	0.000	0.000	0.026	0.000
HVAC Sub-Total	0.467	0.410	0.314	0.374
Lights	0.106	0.106	0.106	0.106
Electric Equipment	0.052	0.052	0.052	0.052
Misc. Electric	0.146	0.146	0.146	0.146
Misc. Fuel Use	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	0.303	0.303	0.303	0.303
Grand Total	0.770	0.713	0.617	0.677
Gross Floor Area (ft²)	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0
Conditioned Floor Area (ft²)	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0

Note: Values in this table are calculated using the Gross Floor Area.

Table 3. Component Cost as a Percentage of Total Cost

Component	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV (%)	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
Air System Fans	13.6	14.7	11.1	14.7
Cooling	40.7	36.2	29.1	37.8
Heating	4.4	4.8	2.9	2.7
Pumps	1.9	1.8	3.5	0.0
Heat Rejection Fans	0.0	0.0	4.3	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	60.6	57.5	50.8	55.2
Lights	13.8	14.8	17.2	15.6
Electric Equipment	6.7	7.2	8.4	7.6
Misc. Electric	18.9	20.4	23.6	21.5
Misc. Fuel Use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	39.4	42.5	49.2	44.8
Grand Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

# **Annual Emissions Summary**

Table 1. Annual Costs

Component	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV (\$)	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
HVAC Components				
Electric	32,210	28,299	21,652	25,826
Natural Gas	0	0	0	0
Fuel Oil	0	0	0	0
Propane	0	0	0	0
Remote HW	0	0	0	0
Remote Steam	0	0	0	0
Remote CW	0	0	0	0
HVAC Sub-Total	32,210	28,299	21,652	25,826
Non-HVAC Components			The State of the S	
Electric	20,950	20,950	20,949	20,948
Natural Gas	0	0	0	0
Fuel Oil	0	0	0	0
Propane	0	0	0	0
Remote HW	0	0	0	0
Remote Steam	0	0	0	0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	20,950	20,950	20,949	20,948
Grand Total	53,160	49,250	42,602	46,774

Table 2. Annual Energy Consumption

Component	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
HVAC Components		41		
Electric (kWh)	1,073,650	943,315	721,746	860,852
Natural Gas (na)	0	0	0	. 0
Fuel Oil (na)	0	0	0	0
Propane (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote HW (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote Steam (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote CW (na)	0	0	0	0
	A SHEET OF		12-1-1	
Non-HVAC Components				
Electric (kWh)	698,341	698,341	698,315	698,281
Natural Gas (na)	0	0	0	0
Fuel Oil (na)	0	0	0	0
Propane (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote HW (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote Steam (na)	0	0	0	0
Totals				
Electric (kWh)	1,771,992	1,641,656	1,420,061	1,559,133
Natural Gas (na)	0	0	0	0
Fuel Oil (na)	0	0	0	0
Propane (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote HW (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote Steam (na)	0	0	0	0
Remote CW (na)	0	0	0	0

Table 3. Annual Emissions

Component	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
CO2 Equivalent (lb)	2,799,692	2,593,757	2,243,730	2,463,447

Table 4. Annual Cost per Unit Floor Area

Component	A AC CHILLERS (\$/ff²)	B AC CHILLERS DCV (\$/ft²)	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
HVAC Components				NAME OF
Electric	0.466	0.410	0.314	0.374
Natural Gas	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Fuel Oil	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Propane	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Remote HW	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Remote Steam	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Remote CW	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
HVAC Sub-Total	0.466	0.410	0.314	0.374
Non-HVAC Components				
Electric	0.303	0.303	0.303	0.303
Natural Gas	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Fuel Oil	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Propane	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Remote HW	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Remote Steam	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	0.303	0.303	0.303	0.303
Grand Total	0.770	0.713	0.617	0.677
Gross Floor Area (ft²)	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0
Conditioned Floor Area (ft²)	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0	69057.0

Note: Values in this table are calculated using the Gross Floor Area.

Table 5. Component Cost as a Percentage of Total Cost

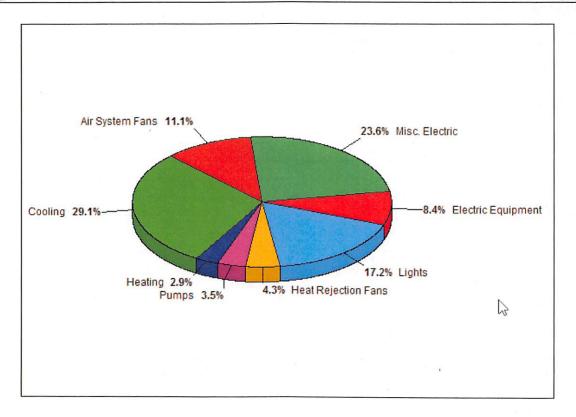
	A AC CHILLERS	B AC CHILLERS DCV	C WC CHILLER	D RTUS
Component	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
HVAC Components	3.2.000	to the state	13.11.00	
Electric	60.6	57.5	50.8	55.2
Natural Gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fuel Oil	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Propane	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Remote HW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Remote Steam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Remote CW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	60.6	57.5	50.8	55.2
Non-HVAC Components				
Electric	39.4	42.5	49.2	44.8
Natural Gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fuel Oil	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Propane	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Remote HW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Remote Steam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	39.4	42.5	49.2	44.8
Grand Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

## Annual Component Cost for C Alt 2

#### Annual Component Costs - C WC CHILLER

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07/29/2017 07:54AM



#### 1. Annual Costs

#### 1. Annual Costs

Component	Annual Cost	(\$/ft²)	Percent of Total
Air System Fans	4,717	0.068	11.1
Cooling	12,387	0.179	29.1
Heating	1,247	0.018	2.9
Pumps	1,479	0.021	3.5
Heat Rejection Fans	1,823	0.026	4.3
HVAC Sub-Total	21,653	0.314	50.8
Lights	7,311	0.106	17.2
Electric Equipment	3,569	0.052	8.4
Misc. Electric	10,070	0.146	23.6
Misc. Fuel Use	0	0.000	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	20,949	0.303	49.2
Grand Total	42,603	0.617	100.0

Note: Cost per unit floor area is based on the gross building floor area.

Gross Floor Area 69057.0 ft<sup>2</sup> 

FROM THIS POINT HVAC EIGE FORWARD WE WILL NOT REFER TO ANY OPERATING **COST RESULTS IN THE** MANUAL.

> WE WILL EXAMINE OUR **RESULTS FOR TRINIDAD....**

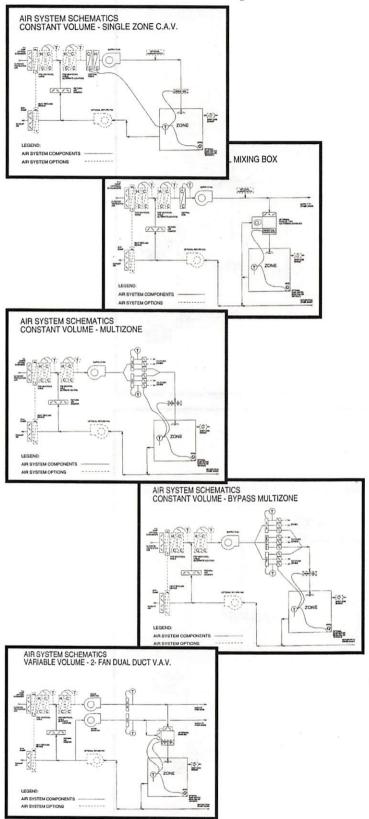
Component	Annual Cost (\$/yr)	(\$/ft²)	Percent of Total (%)
HVAC Components			
Electric	56,374	0.816	31.8
Natural Gas	33,262	0.482	18.8
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0.0
Propane	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Chilled Water	0	0.000	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	89,636	1.298	50.6
Non-HVAC Components			
Electric	61,823	0.895	34.9
Natural Gas	25,725	0.373	14.5
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0.0
Propane	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	87,548	1.268	49.4
Grand Total	177,184	2.566	100.0

Note: Cost per unit floor area is based on the gross building floor area.

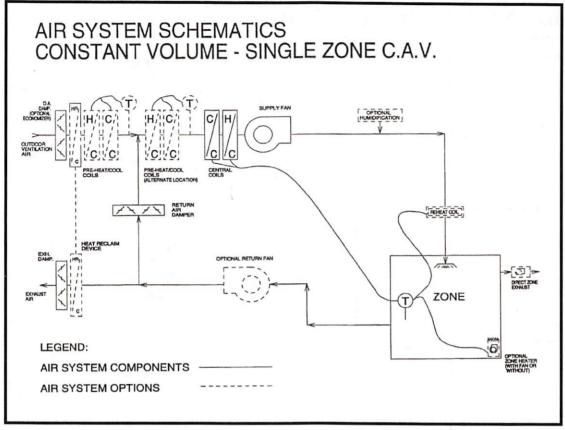
#### **Annual Cost HVAC and Non-HVAC**

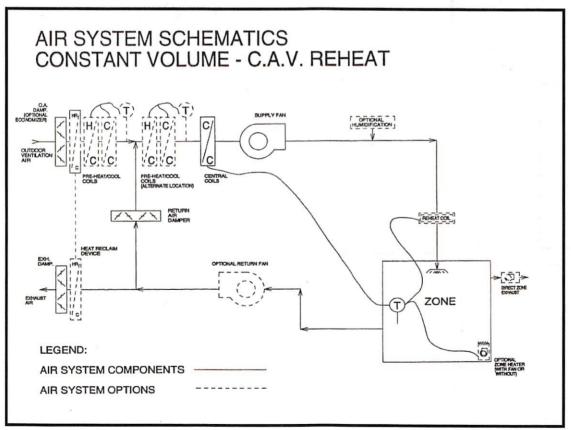


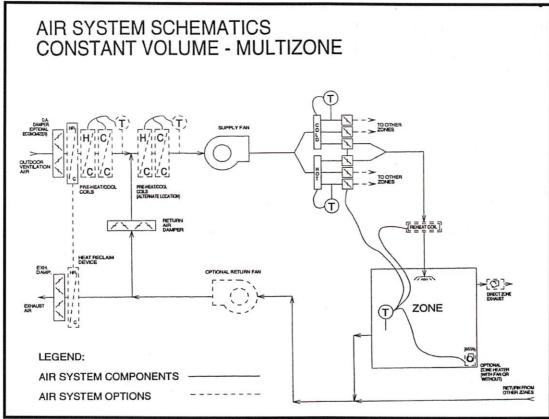
# Appendix "A" Air System Schematics

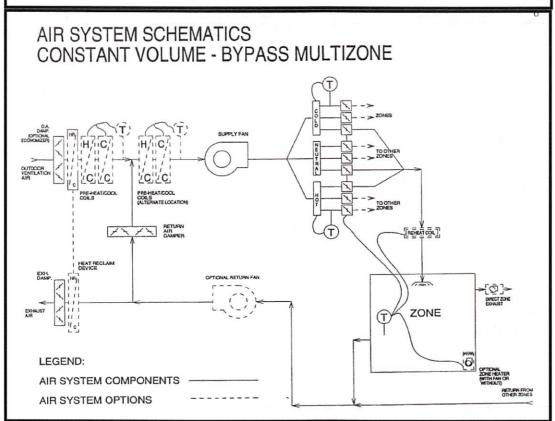


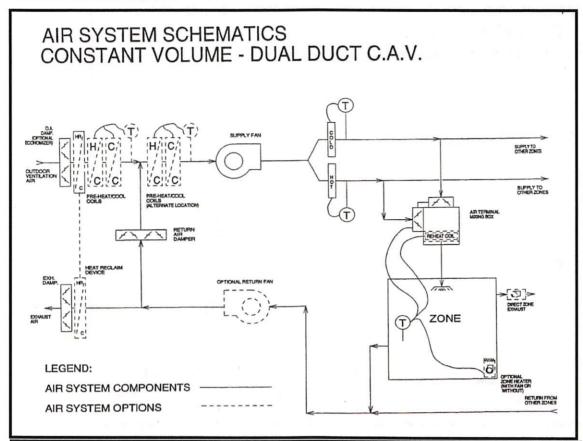
# Air System Schematics

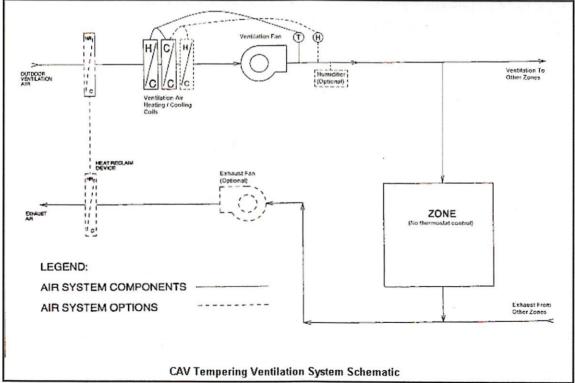


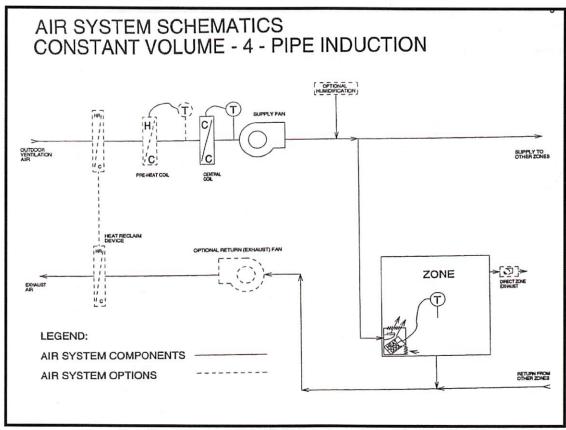


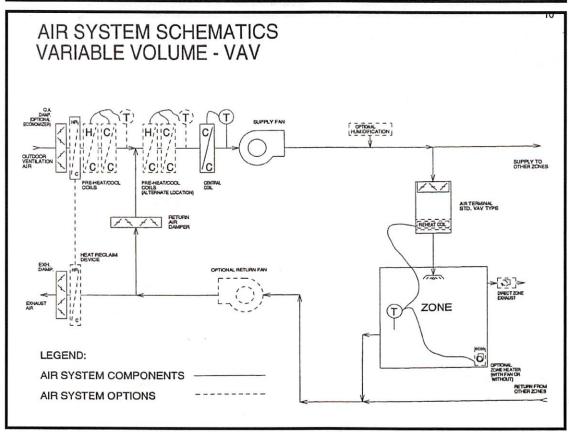


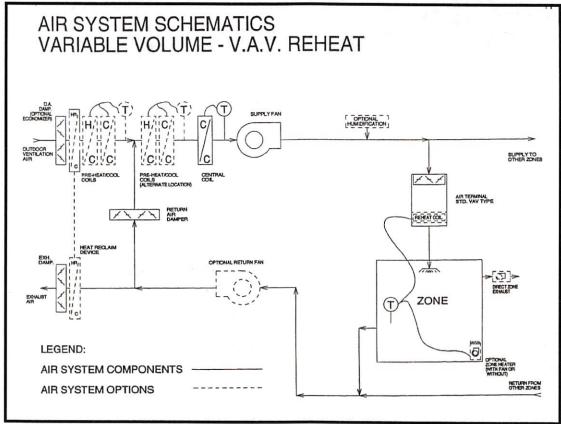


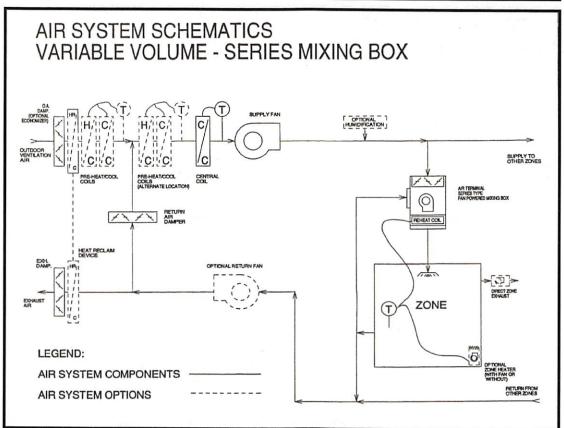


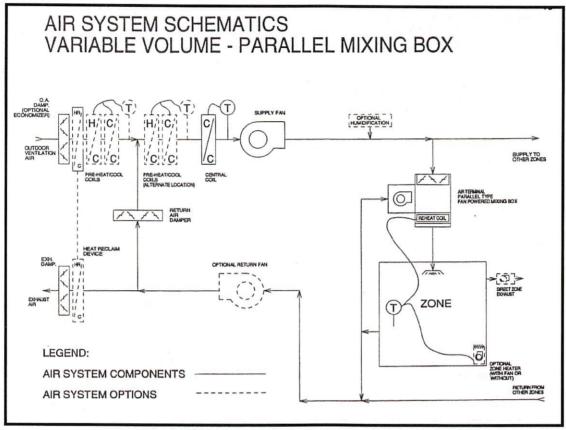


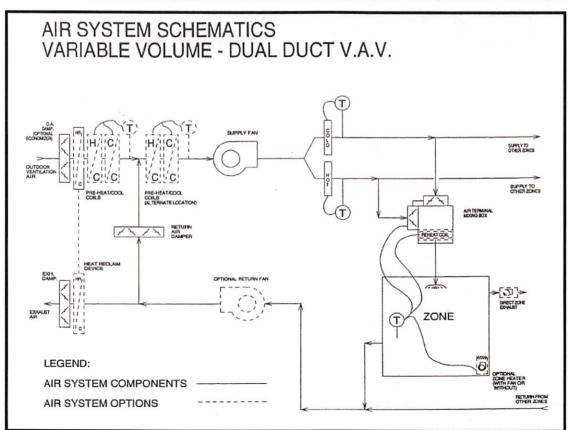


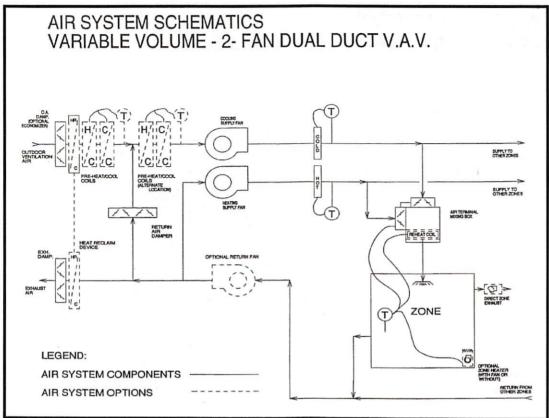


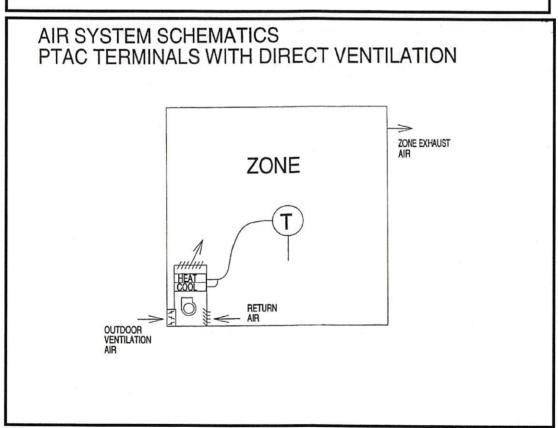


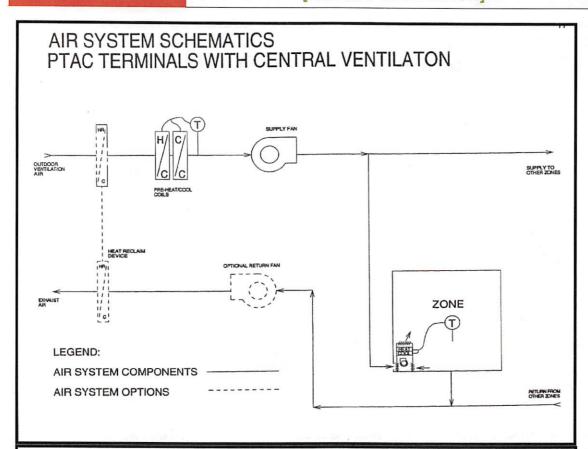




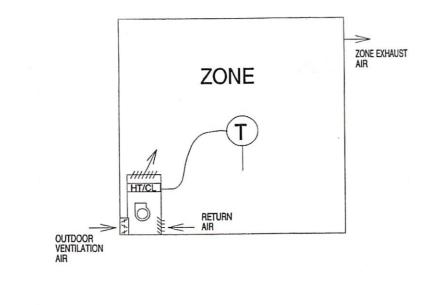


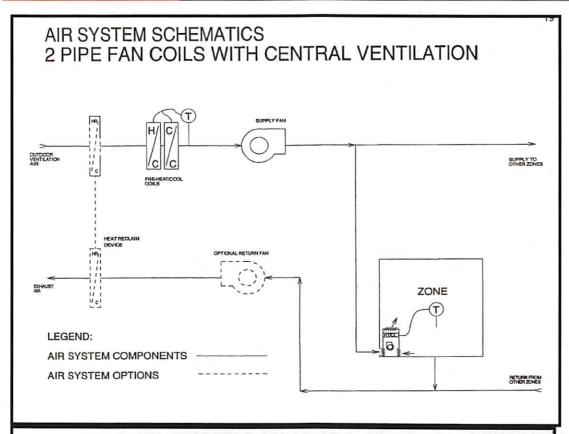




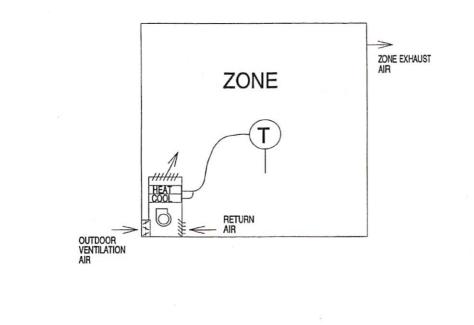


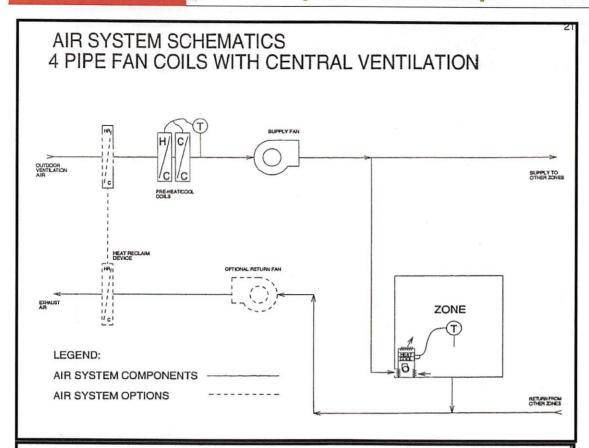
### AIR SYSTEM SCHEMATICS 2 PIPE FAN COILS WITH DIRECT VENTILATION





# AIR SYSTEM SCHEMATICS 4 PIPE FAN COILS WITH DIRECT VENTILATION





# AIR SYSTEM SCHEMATICS WATER SOURCE H.P. WITH DIRECT VENTILATION

